The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,097—New Series.

BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1900.

P & O

Tho' 10 Years Old is only

Rs. 30 a DOZEN.

AT ALL DEALERS.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1900.
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	17th Nov.
* PENINSULAR	5247	T. Leigh	24th ,,
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st Dec.
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	8th ,,
M.L. PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	15th ,,
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd ,,
M.L. SOBRAON	7382	L. M. Wibmer	29th ,,
			1901.
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	5th Jan.
M. VALETTA	5048	F. N. Tillard	12th ,,
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	19th ,,
M.L. EGYPT	7922	G. L. Langborne	26th ,,
* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfit	2nd Feb.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	9th ,,
* PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	16th ,,
M.L. PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	23rd ,,

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Saïd.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

The steamer marked M. proceeds to Marseilles only.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent. P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 12th November, 1900.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	A. Fellner	4,119	1st Dec. 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,119	1st Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE. VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,253	In Jan., 1901.
VINDOBONA	G. Klausberger	4,351	In Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	,, 1,080.	,, 645.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about

A Primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all Passages.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 2nd Nov., 1900.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
S.S. Dco. BALDUINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	18th Nov.
,, R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	M. Saporite	15th Dec.

BOMBAY TO VENICE DIRECT.

CALLING AT ALEXANDRIA AND BRINDISI.

	Tons.		Captains
S.S. NILO	2801	27th January, 1901.	A. Coanzoneri
S.S. INDEPENDENT	2862	24th February, 1901.	S. Anfosso
S.S. NILO	2801	27th March, 1901.	A. Coanzoneri
S.S. INDEPENDENT	2353	26th April, 1901.	S. Anfosso

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single Tickets.	Return Tickets, 4 months.	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	605	907-8	968	1,028-8	1,100
2nd ,,	357	550	577-8	605	660
3rd ,,	165	..	..	..	..

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

S. S. RORMIDA, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th November, 1900.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	22nd Nov., 1900.
ANNAM	6,208	Poydonot	20th Dec., 1900.
OCEANIEN	4,259	X	17th Jan. 1901.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "INDUS," 6,357 tons, Captain Duchateau, to sail on or about the 12th Dec., 1900.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

New-Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 16th November, at 2 p.m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KARACHI.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 20th November, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 22nd November calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, AND LAMU.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 29th November.

FOR COCHIN AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHILKA," 1,971 tons, on or about 21st November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SECUNDRA," 2,610 tons, on or about 22nd November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th November, 1900.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O. and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares and full information furnished by return of post on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers Travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Vessel will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail on
SULTAN	2881	Bohlanz	23rd Nov.

Taking Cargo and Passengers for MOMBASSA, LAMOO, ZANZIBAR, and all Eastern Ports of Africa up to DELAGOA BAY.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
Apollo House, Apollo Street.

Bombay, 13th Nov., 1900.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

S. S. DUNEARN .... Sailing about 15th Dec.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.

Bombay, 7th Nov. 1900.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.

PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.

HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.

PACKAGES cleared or shipped.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

MESSRS KEMP & Co., LD.,

Having purchased the entire Stock-in-Trade of

MESSRS. BOLTON & CO.

Offer the

SURPLUS STOCK
At a GREAT REDUCTION to
Cash Purchasers.

Bargains in
JEWELLERY,
PLATED-WARE,
CROCKERY,
TOYS,
FANCY-GOODS,
WALKING STICKS,
WHIPS, &c., &c., &c.

A FEW HIGHLY FINISHED
SHOW CASES & CUPBOARDS
FOR SALE.

KEMP & CO., LD.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,
UNDER BOMBAY CLUB.

JEWELLERY, ELECTRO-PLATE, FANCY GOODS.

TREACHER & CO. invite attention to their SHOW ROOMS at the Fort, where the Company's large and varied Stock of the above Goods are to be seen. All Goods are of the very best quality, and are only procured of Houses which are most in repute.

BEST AND LATEST DESIGNS!
FINEST QUALITY!!
EXTENSIVE SELECTION!!!

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

FRENCH STORES.

TRUFFLED SAUSAGES.
CHOUCROUTE GARNI.
ANCHOVIES IN OIL.
THOU IN OIL.
ROYANS A LA BORDELAISE.
PATE DE FOIES GRAS.
PREPARED FRENCH MUSTARD.
FRENCH SAUCES.
ASPARAGUS EXTRA FINE.
MUSHROOMS DE PARIS.
MACEDOINE DE LEGUMES.
PETITS POIS, EXTRA Quality.
ASPARAGUS POINTES.
TRUFFES DU PERIGORD.
TRUFFES PIECES FOR COOKING.
COCKS COMBS.
GUENELLES GARNITURE FINANCIER.

SPANISH AND FRENCH OLIVES.

BEST YORK HAMS, boiled in cut	Rs. 2-8	Per lb.
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON, in flitch	Rs. 1-0	Per lb.

The above Stores, &c., guaranteed the best obtainable in the Home and Continental Houses.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,

IMPORTER OF
HIGH CLASS STORES,
83, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY KEY MARK PILSENER BEER.

LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

NONE GENUINE EXCEPT WHEN THE LABLES BEAR THE WORDS

KAISER BREWERY, BECK & CO.,

HADENFELDT AND CO., CALCUTTA
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

WHOLSALE AGENTS:— H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.
KARACHI AND BOMBAY.

TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALERS.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

MAKERS OF HALF PRESS AND FINISHERS FOR HALF PRESSED BALES.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

SOLE AGENTS—
For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.
Messrs. The ANTI-FRICTION ALLOY'S, Ld., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's BRAND.
,, Bird's Sight-feed Lubricators.

The PATENT COMBINATION DRILL:—Composed of a Speed Drill, a Crank Brace, and a Ratchet Brace, for Metal Boring, whose parts can be used as Seperate Tools, or in Combination and Drills holes from 1-8in. diameter to 1 1-2in. diameter and drills in position impossible with ordinary tools.

Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel and Engineer's Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

FOR SALE.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON, AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS, NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRETARY AND MANAGER.
D. LONGWORTH ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER.

TREZUKA

THE NEW BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing powers, and imparts new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

ZAROUBA

THE EXTRAORDINARY BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, discharges, gleet, secondary symptoms, bone disease, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture) for the sake of extra profit. TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks registered at the Patent Office. Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous and functional debility, waste of vitality, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, discharges, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. Post free for six penny stamps (English or Colonial). Address—NEVILL JOHNSON, 9, Bond St., Claremont Sq., London, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for above medicines.

Agents for India:—TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

CYCLING SEASON, 1900.

FREE riding with the Jehul Free Wheel Gear and Jehul Free Wheel Brake can be obtained by the use of the Enfield Free Wheel Bicycles.

WHEEL men will find that long-distance riding can be performed on these magnificent Bicycles with less exhaustion.

ROYAL Enfields are types of Bicycles that have been popular with the Public for many years past.

ENFIELD is a name that has been associated with the soundest work possible, and their

BICYCLES are built with the best material, and with the utmost care to secure a continuity of the great reputation the Manufactures have steadily acquired.

Cash Quotations and Quotations for Extended Payments on Application to

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE

CYCLE COMPONENTS MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LTD., have received a few samples of Bicycles manufactured by the Cycle Components Manufacturing Co., Ltd. These Machines contain many Patented and Registered parts in universal demand, the whole being designed on mechanical lines and finished in a style to make them desirable Bicycles.

Gent's Model GCC, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	Cash Rs.	230;	Credit Rs.	255
Gent's Model AM/C, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	,,	260	,,	290
Gent's GCC Model, Gold lined, Extra fittings, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres.	,,	300	,,	330
Lady's Model AM/C, 23-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	,,	285	,,	315
Lady's Model BM/C	,,	230	,,	255

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

HAVANA CIGARS.

TO MEET THE DEMAND WHICH WE BELIEVE EXISTS IN INDIA FOR

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST

HAVANA TOBACCO

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices:—

"**MULETA**" Principes
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"**COMPOSIA**" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"**COMPOSIA**" Imperatrix
4 3-8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"**MULETA**" Graciosos
3¾ inches. Rs. 13-4 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

JOHN BEGG'S ROYAL LOCHNAGAR WHISKY,

As supplied to H.M. The QUEEN for 50 years.

The only Whisky distilled on the Queen's Estate at Balmoral.

Agents:—**BOMBAY**—PHILLIPS & CO., Ltd.
MADRAS—SPENCER & CO., Ltd.
RANGOON—ARTHUR BARNES & CO., Ltd.

General Export Agents:—**BLANDY BROTHERS & Co., LONDON.**

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. S. "STANLEY HALL."

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats, at Steamer's option, at their risk and expense.

Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Messrs. EDWARD, BATES and SONS AGENCY,
Apollo Street, Bombay, 15th Novembr, 1900.

BENGAL-NAGPURR AILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

A SALE by PUBLIC, AUCTION of condemned and obsolete Railway Stores consisting of scrapped steel sleepers and springs, various, wrought iron scrap, &c., will be held at the Bengal-Nagpur Railway General Stores Yard, Nagpur, on TUESDAY, the 11th December, 1900, commencing at 7 a.m.

By Order,
D. B. CRITCHLEY,
Chief Storekeeper.

Nagpur, dated 13th November, 1900.

THE WESTERN INDIA TYPEWRITING COMPANY,

No. 57, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY CLUB.

A SCHOOL of TYPEWRITING and SHORTHAND has been OPENED by the above Company, which provides unequalled facilities to Students for rapidly acquiring a thoroughly practical knowledge within three months. Special arrangements have been made to give INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTIONS at any time during the course of the day, to the Pupils' entire SATISFACTION. CERTIFICATES of Proficiency are guaranteed and Students are recommended for EMPLOYMENT.

COPYING WORK of all kinds done on Special Terms.

TYPEWRITERS and ACCESSORIES supplied and REPAIRS promptly executed

TERMS on Application :

TO THE MANAGER.

J. GHOSE AND SONS,

BOOK COLLECTORS OF CALCUTTA,
Temporary Address : Khandwa.

TO BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED.

1. RAJA OF SATARA DETHRONED, with all the Papers on the case and the Impeachment of Colonel C. Ovans, Rs. 3-8-0.
2. MY THOUGHTS : Religious, Social and Moral. In seven languages. Under the patronage of H. H. the Rao of Cutch, G C.I.E. Free Distribution.
3. SHELLEY'S SPIRITUAL PHILOSOPHY, Rs. 2-12-0.

LIST OF VERY RARE WORKS FOR SALE.

1. Kuran, in Arabic, Suras 1-37, 4to, MS. beautifully written in large African characters, with headings in Cufic, Script, and ornaments in various colors to mark the sections, 82 leaves ; half calf (Tunis ?) about 1680.

An unusually fine example of African Calligraphy, with a rude but highly ornamental first page.

2. Al-Kuran (Sacred Book of Islam), 12mo. MS. written within gold lines, with gold Sura headings and an illuminated 'huwan' (first two pages) ; in a pretty binding painted with flowers, about 1800.

3. Kuran, printed by order of the Empress Catherine of Russia, Sm. folio, hf. bd., rare St. Petersburg, 1799.

4. Al-Kuran, in Arabic, 16 mo. a pretty little MS. in minute Naskhi characters written within gilt and coloured rulings, with the Sura headings in gold and two richly illuminated pages at the beginning ; in a gilt and lackered Indian binding painted with flowers ; enclosed in an old leather case, with straps.

A. H. 974 (1566).

5. Al-Kuran, The Sacred Book of Islam, in Arabic, Roy. 8vo Ms. on 451 leaves of glazed paper, written in fine bold Talik characters, 11 lines to the page, within rulings of blue and gold, with ornaments to mark the sections, and Sura headings in white upon a gold ground ; two brilliantly illuminated pages forming the 'huwan' at the beginning ; in a richly gilt Indian binding, lined inside with gilt red leather.

Transcribed by Yakut Rakam Khan (about 1703) written probably for some prince or great noble of Aurungzib's Court.

All communications to be addressed to the FIRM.

BABY CHAIRS.

Patent, Adjustable, Cane and Wood.
Also Utility Tables, for Hospitals and Sick Rooms.

John Roberts & Co. Ltd.
BOMBAY.

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS ! !

FLOR DE JAVAS,

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.

FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

"TORPEDO SPECIALS,"
"PLANTERS,"
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SPECIFICS for Hydrocele and Elephantiasis guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle, Apply to

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CORN AND WART DESTROYER.—A safe, rapid and painless solvent for Corns and Warts. This is a chemical combination of Xyloidine and Salicylic Acid with extract of Indian Hemp. In bottles, Ans. 12 each. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NEW WANGHUI CANES.—Crook and Straight Handles Burnt Ash, Olive, Green, and Brown, Rs. 2 each. Silver Mounted, Rs. 2-8. Riding Canes, Rs. 3.—ASQUITH and LORD, opposite Clock Tower.

YOU will find DRESSES WASHED and DYED just like new at DESAI and Co., No. 37, Bombay and Chandanwady High School, opposite the old shop. Looks on the board DESAI and Co., only.

UMBRELLAS ! UMBRELLAS ! ! of Superior English-make, suitable for both sexes, from Rs. 1-11, to hand per s.s. Egypt, From SHROFF BROS.

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TO BE LET, a newly-built upper-storied BUNGALOW, commanding beautiful scenery and open to all sides at Palli Hill, Bandra. Apply to D. R. SHROFF, care of Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co.

ENLARGEMENTS up to LIFE SIZE made in Various styles, with high class finish, without losing tone, likeness, and character, by RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers by Royal Warrant to H I M the Queen Empress of India, Bombay and Secunderabad.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Rusty and Retuse, have them repaired and nickelplated by

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THE only firm which REPAIRS Celestinas Aristons, Phoenix, Music boxes, etc, and keep in stock spare Repairing and Tuning Materials.—STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

£2,200,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1899 being the largest amount in the History of the Company.—Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay and Madras.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date, Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6 ; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

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100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to The SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription. Rs. 1[illegible] per year including Postage.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-10 3 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J.C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-11-2 per case, at Bandora.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

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MOSQUITO-BITE LOTION.—The application of this Lotion soothes the pain, reduces the swelling, and relieves the irritation arising from the Sting of these venomous little insects. Per bottle, Re. 1.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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THE WAR! THE WAR ! ! !

Help the Britisher and British Industry,
BY SMOKING THE
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CIGARETTES,

Made in London by Messrs. J. B. JOHNSON & Co., and thereby assist the families of those that are fighting and falling for their Queen and Country.

For every 1,000 Cigarettes sold FOUR ANNAS will be given to the Transvaal War Fund, consequently by buying the "Dilkhoosh" you indirectly give your mite to the War Fund.

THE "DILKHOOSH"
ARE THE FINEST AND BEST CIGARETTES GOING.

SOLD BY
Messrs. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., D. MERWAN & Co., F. S. MADON & Co., HORMUZ SHERIAR IRANI, and all respectable Tobacconists.

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ONE New English built C. Under Spring Canoe LANDAU with patent-self acting hood and with patent foot-brake.

One English built LANDAULETTE by Windover.

English built Secondhand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well known makers.

HOUSE FURNISHED with latest style neat furniture.

Furniture of the latest designs FOR SALE or HIRE, and also made to order.

Apply to
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PLEASE NOTE.—Specifics for Hydrocele and Asthma ; immediate relief ; permanent cure [illegible] or the price each Rs. 5 refunded even in most obstinate cases. Many cases promptly and successfully cured. Try once only. SPEEDY CURE for DIABETES is successful when all other remedies fail to produce the slightest effect. Safe and sure. Per bottle Rs. 3. "FEMALES' FRIEND"—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Per bottle Rs. 3. Correspondence always treated strictly private. Apply to MANAGER (B.), V. C. Works, Ranaghat, Bengal.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BENTWOOD FURNITURE, TOYS, SAFES, PLATEDWARE, LEATHER AND PLUSH GOODS, LAMPS, &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction the at Watson's Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, by order of the concerned, the following, consisting of handsome bentwood sofas, light and easy chairs, office chairs, mechanical toys, dressed dolls, Vienna-made large size fire-proof safes on stand, best platedware consisting of cruet, pickle and egg frames, vegetable dishes, dressed pictures, dressing bags with fittings, dressing cases, lady's companions and work boxes, jewel boxes, scent frames, travelling clocks, bronze table and hanging lamps of 1 and 2 lights, Majolica flower vases, centre pieces, Bohemian glass table ornaments, &c. The property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 17th inst. at, 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by PUBLIC Auction at the Clare Road, Byculla, next to Messrs Jones & Co., Undertakers the handsome blackwood teakwood household funiture, such as sofas, chairs, almiras, cupboards, bedsteads, tables, glassevare, crockery, lamps, pictures, table ornaments, etc., the property of Mr. J. SIMS.

The property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as cupboards, tables, chairs, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, book and hat stands, almirahs sofas, cushioned chairs, carbines, sword, etc.

1 S.B.B.L. 8 bore duck gun by T. Andrews, London, with implements in canvas bag.

1 Ebonized cottage piano by Rose.

23 Oil paintings and water colours in gilt frames, representing views, native characters, etc.

AT 2 P.M.

Several new and second-hand bicycles by different makers.
1 light victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand office shigram.
1 strong-built light dog-cart.
1 double-seated brougham.
And any other carriage and horse which may be offered.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th November, 1900.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT KAMATIPURA.

In pursuant to the decree passed in suit No. 106 of 91 (wherein Sitibai Balaram was plaintiff and Bhimabai and others defendant) and at the instance of the defendant Nirabai Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 4 p.m. sell by Public Auction on the premises the following properties :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at 2nd Kamatipura Street, in Ward E, bearing No. 1101, and Street Nos. 4113, and admeasuring about 42 sq. yards.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate at Kamatipura 7 and 8 Street measuring about 223 sq. yards and assessed by the Collector of LandRevenue under Old No. 4114, 4115, 4116, 3618, and New Survey No. 6299, 6302, 6303.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

TO MORROW, SATURDAY, the 17th inst., at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

1 sweet toned semi-grand piano by J. Broadwood and sons.

1 lot wearing apparel, consisting of cashmere, flannel and silk suits, white-linen shirts, overcoats, socks, &c., the property of a gentleman.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong-built victoria in good order.
1 strong-built glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 second-hand dog-cart in very good order.
1 bay arab 6 years 14 2 quiet in harness believed sound.
1 grey pony quiet in harness and saddle.
1 Tartor cycle nearly new with plated rims and Y. T. J. tyres block chain.
The property of Rev, Dr. Mackichan—
1 strong and serviceable flea-bitten grey Arab horse, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF PERFUMERY.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on account of the concerned, 5 cases perfumery, consisting of theatrical wigs, tail, bundles of hair, eau-de quinin, hair wash, eau-de-cologne, lavender water, horse medicine, embrocation, assorted essences, toilet vinegar, glycerine brilliantine, dentifrice, cream simon, vaseline, pomade, cosmatic, soaps, hair oil, rotary brushes, &c., &c.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the executors of the late Mr. H. P. Colaabawalla, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p. m., sell by Public Auction, at Ready Money House, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture made to order by Dewji Canji and others, Dinmar and Hink's table, hanging, and hall lamps, majolica and taracotta, table ornaments and busts, rich drawing-room carpets, one first-rate rosewood vertical iron frame cottage piano by John Brinsmead, one strong English-built cabriolet by Moss Brothers, one handsome nearly new vis-a-vis victoria, one fast strong trotting C. B. Mare, 3 sets English-made single harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in pots, &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the morgagee, Chimanlal Naginlass, and on account and risk of the mortgagor, Bai Jamnabai, widow and executrix of late Trimbuck Nathoo, under an Indenture of mortgage bearing date 11th day of July, 1837, the following properties :—

Firstly.—All that piece of land comprised in and demised by an Indenture of Lease, dated the 28th day of March, 1842, from the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, to Hurry Sadoo Joowaker, containing about 355 -3 square yards, situate at Mody Bay, Port Trust Estate, with the messuages, tenements buildings, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward A, Ward No. 1883, and Street Nos. 81, 83, 8, 10, 12 and 24

Secondly.—All that piece of land comprised in and demised by an indenture of lease, dated the 16th day of July, 1835, from the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, to Tricum Nathoo, containing about 320 square yards, situate at Mody Bay Port Trust Estate, with the messuages, tenements, buildings, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward A. Ward No. 1884, and Street No. 85.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th November, 1900.

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the Native Languages, double the above.

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BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

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Per Annum	Rs. 12
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A GREAT LITERARY NEED
AND
HOW IT HAS BEEN SUPPLIED.

The extraordinary success of the "Library of Famous Literature," issued by the "Standard" (London), and of which more than 12,000 copies of 20 volumes each had been sold in England up to October 9th, has been due solely to the discovery on the part of British book buyers that the Library supplies a great need of the day. The public, always quick to recognize what it wants, had patiently awaited the appearance of such a work, and its instantaneous endorsement proved that the aim and purpose of the Library had been wisely conceived. In fact, the distinguished literary men of two continents who planned it had builded better than they knew.

The unique plan of this timely and most useful work was such as at once to awaken the keenest sympathy of all who love books. Compressed in its 20 volumes, comprising 10,000 royal octavo pages, is the best of the world's greater literature, constituting both a protest against the ephemeral offerings of the modern book-stall and a substitute therefor which all true lovers of good literature must prize and strive to possess.

AN EVIL OF THE PRESENT DAY.

Almost everybody has come to recognize that literary taste has become vitiated by the common, but possibly unavoidable practice of reading those baser products of the printing press to which a bitter literary moralist, Mr. Frederic Harrison, has referred, with fine scorn, as "mere literary garbage." While admitting this to be true, no one can deny that many works of the highest literary excellence are published each year both in our own and in foreign lands. The evil lies not so much in what has been described as a "paucity of genius," as in this, that the amazing production of books, multiplying year by year, has now reached an incredible figure, so that the average man or woman is absolutely bewildered when it comes to choosing that which is worthy of reading from that which is unworthy.

But this is not all. The work of the great masters of literature is likely to be either wholly forgotten, or altogether neglected amid the countless tons of "chaff and trash" under which the book-stalls fairly stagger.

THE CURE.

What is to be done ? What is the reader to do who has a profound sympathy with literature of the best sort, but who lacks the keen, discriminating ripened judgment which is the possession only of those whose lives are spent in the world of books ? It is inevitable that, lacking the trained guidance of professional book-men, he will read unprofitably, just as it is inevitable that a novice in mountaineering would be lost if he should be so rash as to attempt to climb the Himalayas without a guide.

The Editors of the "Library of Famous Literature," acting on behalf of the reader, have sifted out the little which is worthy of reading from the great mass which is unworthy, and they have chosen well. They are, first and last, professional book-men, expert in their work, adding to years of experience that quick unerring power of selection which knows good books at a glance and great literature intuitively. In the "Library of Famous Literature" they have produced a work whose chief characteristic is the richness, variety and permanent interest of its contents which comprise 1,000 literary master-pieces of every age and nation since the act of literature began. The plan was unique, and its execution has been accompanied by the highest professional skill. For the reader the choice of good reading has thus been enormously simplified. The best of the world's literature is at once brought to his book-shelf, the whole compacted into *twenty handsome volumes, admirably printed, beautifully illustrated, and exquisitely bound and for a short time the opportunity will be open for Anglo-Indians to purchase the work at a price and on such terms of payment that no lover of a book bargain can resist.*

The "Relentless Cataract of Ink."

MR. FREDERIC HARRISON said :—

"The first intellectual task of our age is to rightly order and make serviceable the vast realm of printed material which four centuries have swept across our path. To organise our knowledge, to systematise our reading, to save out of the relentless cataract of ink, the immortal thoughts of the greatest—this is a necessity, unless the productive ingenuity of man is to lead us at last to a measureless and pathless chaos."

A "Library of World's Literature."

The Late Prof. MAX MÜLLER said :—

"Take the greatest poet of antiquity, and, if I am to speak the truth I must say there are long passages even in Homer which seem to me extremely tedious. Take the greatest, or at all events one of the greatest poets of our century, and again, I must confess that not a few of Goethe's writings seem to me not worth a second reading. There are gems in the most famous, there are gems in the least known of poets ; but there is not a single poet, so far as I know, who has not written too much, and who can claim a place for all his works in what might be called a Library of World's Literature."

The "Survival of the Fittest."

Dr. RICHARD GARNETT, C.B., LL.D., said :—

"Sifting and selection which was once a slow and unconscious process, has become an imperative necessity. The dilemma is clear. We shall either read aimlessly, catching up bits of what is good and great amid much chaff and trash, or else we shall neglect the greater literature altogether."

"The time seems ripe for a reversion to the principle which gave to classical literature its glory and its life : the sentiment that the highest excellence should be aimed at, and for a revival of the Greek idea of an anthology—a 'gathering of flowers' ; which is, after all, translated into broader scientific language, but Darwin's formula of 'the survival of the fittest.' "

The "Books to be Chewed and Digested."

Extract from address by Mr. Choate on the occasion of the dedication of a Library in England.

The AMERICAN AMBASSADOR said :—

"Suppose a person can read 100 books a year—a very liberal allowance for men and women who have anything else to do—it would take him 15,000 years to read through the library of the British Museum as it stands to-day. Then there is the increase. It would add 100 years to his reading for every year that went by—(laughter)—so that when he had got to three times the age of Methuselah, he would find himself farther off the end than ever. And I think we may safely believe that if he ever did get through he would be one of the most learned fools on earth (laughter).

"It is quite evident that a man cannot read everything ; most of us have very little time for reading. What shall we do ? Great scholars and sages have laid down rules worth remembering. Bacon's is the best. He says, 'some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed, and some few to be chewed and digested.' Books like the novels of the day that you can read best by judicious skipping are to be tasted at the rate, say, of one an hour, or one an evening (laughter). The books to be swallowed are those, I think, which may be read once. The books to be chewed and digested are the gold nuggets of literature" (hear, hear).

THE LIBRARY OF FAMOUS LITERATURE.

DR. GARNETT AND HIS DISTINGUISHED ASSOCIATES.

The chief editor of "The Library" is Dr. Richard Garnett, C.B., LL.D., who retired last year from the responsible and laborious post of Keeper of Printed Books in the vast library of the British Museum, after a half-century of distinguished service. His counsel has been sought by almost every man of letters who has resorted to our National Library for the purpose of literary research ; he has been intimately associated with many of the great literary enterprises of the last twenty years, and it has been said of him that he has probably answered more questions about books, and possibly knows the contents of more books, than any other living Englishman. He is more than a man of book, however, as many volumes of the most varied character—volumes of poetry, of humour and biography, as well as history and librarianship—have amply revealed.

Though the work is in English throughout, with Dr. Garnett have been associated M. Leon Vallee, Librarian of the Bibliotheque Nationale of Paris, the largest library, it is surprising to find, in the world ; Dr. Alois Brandl, Professor of Literature in the Royal University of Berlin ; and Dr. Donald G. Mitchell, of New York, known the world over for his delightful volumes written under the *nom de plume* of "Ik Marvel" ; not to speak of many qualified assistants.

WHAT SUBSCRIBERS IN ENGLAND HAVE SAID.

In terms of the most extravagant praise, hundreds of purchasers of the library in England have written to *The Standard* to express their perfect satisfaction, not only with the general character of the work, but with the paper, binding, typography, illustration and coloured plates. No other literary work has ever received an approval so sincere and so unanimous. It would be possible to fill several pages of the *Bombay Gazette* with these letters, which constitutes the strongest of all arguments in favour of this most useful set of books.

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The Library is an absolutely new and original work, the first complete collection of the world's literature published in Great Britain. Its mere extent is equalled only by great works of reference like the "*Encyclopædia Britannica*."

WHAT ITS TWENTY VOLUMES CONTAIN.

Its contents are as varied as literature itself, and its scope conterminous with that of the world of letters. It includes more than 350 of the finest poems, more than 350 of the best stories, together with the best of travel and adventure, philosophy and science, art, wit and humour, letters and journals, religious meditation, criticism, and miscellaneous essays gathered from the books still preserved among men.

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The Library comprises more than 10,000 royal octavo pages, of large, clear type cast specially for the Library, and grateful to the most sensitive eyes.

The work is complete in twenty handsome volumes, printed upon a paper made especially for this work, presenting a clear, soft, unglazed surface, and rendering the books so light that they may be held with the utmost ease.

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The Library is richly embellished with nearly 500 full-page illustrations and coloured plates, printed separately from the text, on heavy enamelled paper. These illustrations are apt and interesting ; often rare and quaint. There are portraits of all the most famous authors who ever lived ; there is a delightful series of pictures of FAMOUS AUTHORS IN THEIR HOMES, seated by their study tables, among their books, at work. So too, their haunts are shown, the scenes of memorable passages in their books, and places celebrated in literature or in history.

TEN HANDSOME PHOTOGRAVURES FREE.

Subscribers in India will also receive, without additional expense, the beautiful "Gallery of Literary Paintings," a portfolio of ten hand-etched photogravures dealing with literary subjects, and issued as a supplement to the LIBRARY. These photogravures are fine reproductions from famous literary paintings, some of which cannot be purchased at any price, except in the present series, and will not be sold except to those who purchase the LIBRARY. The photogravures are suitable for framing.

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It is the usual custom for the publishers of a work extending into many volumes to fix a high price upon the first editions, with the intention of reducing this price when the work has been on the market for a considerable time, and the sale at the high price has been exhausted.

This custom *The Standard* will precisely reverse. The best possible means of making known a great work like the new LIBRARY OF FAMOUS LITERATURE is by placing it in the hands of those competent to judge it and appreciate it. To do this quickly a limited edition of the LIBRARY is now offered, AT HALF THE REGULAR PRICE, so that those who take advantage of this opportunity, and subscribe now, will save the equivalent of the entire present cost of the works.

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(These special prices apply only to the present offer, and will be withdrawn, in a short time, when the Edition is exhausted.)

THE MANAGER, **The Standard,** 5A, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.

(All Cheques in respect of orders should be made payable to A. T. BROWN.) [*Date*]..........1900

I enclose herewith **Rs. 10,** for which please send me the complete set of 20 volumes of ***The Library of Famous Literature*** (together with the Gallery of Ten "Famous Literary Paintings"), bound in—

Cloth. Half Persian Calf. Three Quarter Red Levant. Full Morocco. { *Strike out three of these.*

I agree to complete my purchase of the work by

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My next payment shall be due upon the dispatch of the 20 volumes ; and my succeeding payments on the corresponding day of each month thereafter. Until such payments are complete, I engage that the volumes, not being my property, shall not be disposed of by sale or otherwise. I further agree that if owing to unforeseen circumstances, of which you shall be the judge, the volumes cannot be delivered, the return of the deposit of Rs. 10 to me shall cancel this agreement.

Signed..........

4 B.G. *Address*..........

Please address the package to..........

The Library will be delivered free of charge as far as Calcutta or Bombay, but the Limited Edition for India is sold at so low a price that the cost of carriage beyond these points must be paid by the subscriber.

* NOTE ON BINDINGS.—The Library is bound in Cloth only in conformity to the usual custom. The Half-Persian Calf is a very attractive and durable binding. But we particularly recommend the Three-Quarter Red Levant Morocco as the handsomest and most artistic form of the work, and on account of its relative cheapness. It is an ornament to any library or drawing-room. For presentation purposes, or for those who desire the finest bindings obtainable, the sumptuous Full Morocco will be found to meet every requirement.

100-PAGE PROSPECTUS POST FREE.

To give the intending subscriber the fullest possible opportunity to judge the merit of the work, and as a slight hint of "the infinite riches in a little room" to be had in the Library, an unusually handsome Prospectus has been prepared. Its pages are of the same size as the pages of the Library. They are set in the same type, and printed on the same kind of paper.

APPLICATION FOR PROSPECTUS
to be Cut Out and Posted.

(The name of the Paper in which this is published must in every case be given.)

THE MANAGER, *THE STANDARD*
..........1900.
57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Having read in ....your Special Temporary Offer for India of "The Library of Famous Literature" at the London Price, I wish to examine the Illustrated Prospectus, with a view to becoming a subscriber before the edition for India has been exhausted. Kindly send Prospectus and Order Form to the following address :—

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Address..........
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Bombay Office : 57, ESPLANADE ROAD, where Orders may Be Booked and the Volumes Examined.

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NOTICES.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES for the Improvement of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for 99 years' leases of the following building sites on their Estates :—

ON HORNBY ROAD.

No. of Sites.	Areas from	Monthly Rent from
11 Sites	700 to 1330 sq. yds	Rs. 58 to Rs. 162
ON WAUDBY ROAD.		
Nos. 36 & 37	778 and 1040 sq. yds	Rs. 65 and Rs. 86
ON WODEHOUSE ROAD.		
8 Sites	856 to 1128 sq. yds	Rs. 53 to Rs. 70
ON COLABA CAUSEWAY.		
5 Sites	833 to 1000 sq. yds	Rs. 63 to Rs. 83
ON MARINE LINES ESTATE.		
19 Sites	1600 sq. yds	Rs. 103
ON WELLINGTON LINES.		
14 Sites	817 to 2210 sq. yds	Rs. 72 to Rs. 213

Further particulars and plans of the Sites can be obtained at the Office of the Engineer of the Board, Albert Buildings, Hornby Road.

By Order,
W. N. SHILSTONE,
Secretary.

7 Office of the Improvement Trust, Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay, 8th November, 1900.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the contracts for the MANUFACTURE and SUPPLY of COUNTRY SPIRIT in the areas mentioned below of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, for one year, from the 1st April, 1901, under the Madras Contract Distillery system which is new in force.

2. Full particulars of the conditions under which tenders may be made and under which the contracts will be granted can be obtained on application to the Inspector General of Excise, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, Amraoti Camp.

3. No tenders will be received after noon on the 12th January 1901.

4. The contract areas are as follows :—

(a) ELLICHPUR DISTILLERY AREA.

Ellichpur District—2,623 square miles with a population at the last census of 315,798.

Amraoti District—2,759 square miles ; population 655,645.

(b) AKOLA DISTILLERY AREA.

Akola District—2,659 square miles ; population 574,782.

Malkapur Taluq (of the Buldana District)—791 square miles ; population 177,877.

W. HASTINGS, Lieut.-Col.,
Inspector General of Excise, H.A.D.

WANTED.

NOTICE.

WANTED to PURCHASE by the Rangoon Port Commissioners a small DOUBLE DECKED STEAMER, suitable for the conveyance of 300 passengers to and from the Segregation Camp. The vessel would require to have a clear deck space, for passengers, of not less than 1,600 square feet. Tenders, with plain and full particulars as to the Vessel, will be received by the Undersigned up to 1 P.M., on the 16th November, 1,900.

VICE-CHAIRMAN,
Port Commissioners.

Rangoon, the 2nd November, 1900.

FOR SALE.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE LARGE Building known as VICTORIA HOUSE," Byculla, Bombay, is offered for Sale, the Company having transferred their wholesale Business to the Fort. Suitable for a Factory Machinery Godown, Club, School-house, Library, &c., or TO LET in TENEMENTS. For full particulars apply to

THE GENERAL MANAGER,
PHILLIPS & Co., LD.,
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S. R. BOTTLÈWALLA & Co.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

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(Over Crawford and Co.)
RESIDENCE :
CONTRACTOR'S BUILDINGS,
GRANT ROAD BOMBAY.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.

THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors :—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND, COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 15.

2 3-4 per cent Consols	£ 98 1-2—1-8	
3 per cent Rentes	£100 1-2	unch'd.
3 1-2 per cent Sterling Loan	£109 1-2—1-2	
3 1-2 per cent Govt. Securities	£ 65	unchanged.
Bar Silver in London	29 11-16	,,
Do. New York	64 1-4	,,
Exchange on London at Paris	25·10 1-2	plus 1-2
Do. New York	4·84 1-2	unchanged.
Discount Bank of England	4 p. c.	,,
Do Short London Bills	4 p. c.	,,
Do Indian Bank Bills	4 p. c.	,,

At the weekly sale for Council Bills, yesterday, for Rs. 30,00,000—

Rs. 19,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 2,50,000 do. Bombay.
,, 8,00,000 do. Madras.

Tenders at 1·3 31-31 (minimum rate) received 5 per cent. above that rate in full. The average rates of allotment was 15·96.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending, Tuesday evening, including last public sale, Rs. 36,00,000.

Amount to be alloted next week Rs. 30,00,000.

Extra allotments—

Bills on Bombay for Rs. 150,000 at 1-4.
Calcutta ,, 110,000 at 1-4.

PAPER CURRENCY.—The following is an abstract of the Accounts of the Department of issue of Paper Currency on the 7th November 1900 :—

(TOTAL NOTES IN CIRCULATION.)

	In Reserve Treasuries. Rs.	Elsewhere. Rs.	Total. Rs.
Calcutta	70,20,295	11,25,78,340	11,95,98,635
Allahabad	.....	1,43,07,350	1,43,07,350
Lahore	.....	2,37,84,260	2,37,84,260
Bombay	1,90,640	8,03,12,570	8,05,03,210
Karachi	.....	1,01,45,245	1,01,45,245
Madras	4,32,515	2,92,77,300	2,97,09,815
Calicut	.....	12,19,290	12,19,290
Rangoon	.....	88,16,195	88,16,195
	76,43,450	28,04,40,550	28,80,84,000

Deduct—

Amount withdrawn from circulation by Foreign circles and in course of remittance circles of issue to 35,12,935

Total... 28,45,71,065

Reserve in Coin and Bullion.

	Silver Coin. Rs.	Silver held as security for notes. Rs.	Gold. Rs.	Total. Rs.
Calcutta	1,80,99,118	......	3,47,44,145	5,28,43,263
All'bad	27,86,700	......	17,65,905	45,52,605
Lahore	28,88,305	......	14,73,285	43,61,590
Bombay	1,27,13,790	2,10,99,999	7,04,81,372	10,42,95,091
Karachi	17,42,835	......	13,35,810	30,78,645
Madras	43,11,128	......	9,09,892	52,21,020
Calicut	6,41,635	......	1,40,985	7,82,620
Rangoon	88,66,750	......	5,69,535	94,36,285
	5,20,50,191	2,10,99,999	11,14,20,929	18,45,71,119

Deduct—

Amount due on bills drawn by one circle or another ... ...

Net Total Rs... 18,45,71,119

Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 10,20,81,500 held under section 19 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX 1882. ... 9,99,99,946

Grand Total Rs.... 28,45,71,065

In regard to silver coin in Currency Reserve there has been an increase of Rs. 18,56,257 compared with the figures of the previous week ; while as to gold the reserve has receded to the extent of Rs. 76,59,290. The totals stand as follows :—

	Week ending 31st Oct.	Week ending 7th Nov.
Silver Coins	Rs. 5,01,93,934	Rs. 5,20,50,191
Gold	,, 11,90,80,219	,, 11,14,20,929

COTTON.—The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats firm. Manchester was firm. Total sales 12,000 bales. Sold on speculation and export 500 bales. Imports 27,000 bales. Surats 400 bales. Spot 5 13-32—1-32. Arrivals closed quiet.

American Futures at Liverpool—

Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Feb.-March	May-June	Aug.-Sept.
5·20	5·15	5·8	5·4	4·59
—1-64	—1-64	—2-64	—1-64	—1-64

In New York —

Receipts at the Ports... 49,000 against	52,000 last year.
Exports to Great Britain	8,000
,, Continent	13,000
Mid.-Uplands	9 3-4 unchanged
Futures, month of February	9·30 — 5
,, ,, May	9·31 — 7

AMERICAN COTTON.—In regard to the question as to what the consumption of American cotton at present is, the following figures may be of interest. Beginning with 1st September 1867, and, assuming that the invisible supply on 1st September this year was the same as in 1867—though it was probably less,—we find as follows viz. :—Visible supply, 1st September 1897, 801,000 bales, crop, 1897-98, 11,200,000 bales, crop 1898-99, 11,275,000 bales, crop, 1899-1900, 9,436,000 bales total, 32,712,000 bales, less visible supply 1st September 1900, 533,000 bales, consumed in three years, 32,179,000 bales, average consumption in three years, 10,726,000 bales. As the consumption has been rapidly increasing the following estimates probably approximate each year's consumption :—1897-98, 10,100,000 bales, 1898-99, 10,600,000 bales, 1899-1900, 11,479,000 bales, total, 32,179,000 bales. There is, this year, again a considerable increase in the spindles of the world, so that under similar circumstances the consumption during the coming season would likely be at least 11,750,000 bales, and probably nearer 12,000,000 bales. Allowing for increase of supply of East Indian and sundries 750,000 bales—a very full estimate—we have the requirements of the world on full time, 11,000,000 to 111,250,000 bales. Bear in mind that the Egyptian crop will likely be at least 1,000,000 cantars less than last season. Assuming a crop of 10,250,000 bales, there will be, leaving the same famine stocks as on 1st September, an enforced reduction in cousumption of 750,000 to 1,000,000 bales. The question is, what price will cause such a huge reduction.

The following statement shows the shipments of Cotton Goods, &c., to India for September and October of this year :—

		Oct. 1900.	Sept. 1900.
Bombay—			
Plain Cottons,	yds.	49,850,000	21,100,000
Colored ,,	,,	6,800,000	4,600,000
Printed ,,	,,	8,150,000	4,700,000
Twist	lbs.	550,000	400,000
Karachi—			
Plain Cottons,	yds.	6,600,000	2,600,000
Colored ,,	,,	1,650,000	850,000
Printed ,,	,,	1,500,000	950,000
Twist	lbs.	50,000	...
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons,	yds.	96,400,000	76,850,000
Colored ,,	,,	7,200,000	5,800,000
Printed ,,	,,	2,750,000	2,750,000
Twist	lbs.	1,150,000	700,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons,	yds.	9,450,000	7,000,000
Colored ,,	,,	1,800,000	1,150,000
Printed ,,	,,	2,450,000	2,400,000
Twist	lbs.	1,500,000	750,000

The interesting reports on the cotton industry in the various European countries given in Mr. Thomas Ellison's Annual Review of the cotton trade for the past season contain statistics of the increase or reduction of spindles in the Continental cotton mills. From these we have compiled the following table, showing the number of new spindles which started working during the season and the number now being erected :—

	Spindles, started.	Spindles, being erected.
Russia	120,000	....
Westphalia	30,000	....
Rhenish Prussia	30,000	....
Wurtemburg	20,000	12,000
Bavaria	50,000	....
Austria	....	70,000
France	150,000	30,000
Holland	20,000	....
Belgium	....	20,000
Italy	30,000	Several mills
	450,000	132,000

In Sweden, Hanover, Silesia, Alsace, Baden, and Spain no increase of spindles is reported. In Saxony the number has diminished, one mill of 30,000 spindles burnt during the year has not been rebuilt. In Switzerland cotton spinning appears to be slowly declining. The total number of spindles there is now only 1,550,000, being considerably less than that existing a few years ago. For several years past, it is stated, mills burning down in Switzerland have not been replaced. It should be observed that although the spinning capacity of Russia has increased by 120,000 spindles the production of yarn has not been any larger, owing to the mills having to a great extent ceased night work. An addition of one rouble per pood has been made to the import duty on raw cotton in Russia during the last twelve months.

The following figures, showing the imports and exports, of cotton, will be of interest :—

	1900	1899	Difference.
Receipts for the week ending 14th November	4,764	22,564	—17,800
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 14th November ...	24,322	80,579	—56,257
Shipments for the week to Europe	319	......	plus 319
China, Japan and Coast Ports	510	4,731	—4,221
Total	829	4,731	—3,902
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 14th Nov.			
Europe	31,247	740	plus 30,507
Japan	...	44,890	—44,890
China	160	7,027	—6,867
Coast Ports	1,802	1,468	plus 334
Total	33,209	54,125	—20,916
Afloat in Harbour, Europe	4,833	......	plus 4,833
China, Japan and Coast Ports	1,343	16,955	—15,612

Total Exports from Bombay :—By G. I. P. Railway from 1st October 1899 to 30th September 1900, 1,367 bales ; by B. B. and C. I. Railway from 1st October 1899 to 31st August 1900, 21,228 bales ; and by G. I. P. Railway from 1st October to 3rd November 1900, 169 bales.

The Bombay Cotton Market was steady yesterday but quiet owing to the receipt of telegrams from Liverpool and New York reporting a weakness in prices at these places, the business done was therefore small. Fine Bengal (Ready) was at Rs. 180 to 185, and for January Rs. 181 to 182. Bengal F. G. may be quoted at Rs. 170. Fine Broach was at Rs. 210 and Rs. 222 for March and Good Broach at Rs. 190. For March prices are some 8 as. off since Wednesday, but at present there is a rise of about Re. 1 for May, owing to speculative purchases on reports of clouds up-country. Shippers took 100 Oomraoti, F. G., at Rs. 198 and 200 Akola at Rs. 219 ; while there were sold for Mill consumption—

		Rs.
100 Chalisgaum	at	201
100 Bengal	,,	185
100 Oomraoti	,,	211
100 Akola	,,	216
100 Dhamangaon	,,	215 1-2

WOOLENS.—Business in this line has been very quiet all round—both at first and second hands. The Home prices are still unsettled with an upward tendency. Prices in Bombay are falling, the stocks in some hands been rather heavy.

COTTON.—Small lots of the new crop are arriving and general accounts from the agricultural districts are so far satisfactory.

The telegraphic weather and crop reports to hand this afternoon show that cotton picking has been pretty general in the cotton-growing districts, notably in Amraoti, Barsi, and Dhulia. Plants are flourishing in Bellary, and Bhavguger, and in Hubli and Broach they could scarcely look better. On the other hand cotton plants are suffering from hot winds in Broach. Wheat is now being sown in Amritsar ; the crop is doing well in Ferozepore and flourishing in Jalgaon. Some parcels of cotton continue to arrive at Agra, Dhulia and Barsi.

THE EXCHANGE MARKET yesterday was very firm. A few bills for November at three months' sight were placed at 1s. 4 3-16d. For December the rate was 1s. 4 7-32d. and for January-February-March 1s. 4 7-32d. would be the best. Demand Bank Bills for December were at 1s. 4d. Telegraphic Transfer from 15th January also 1s. 4d. We quote at closing :—

Bank Telegraphic Transfers		1s. 3 15-16d.
,, Demand		1s. 3 31-32d.
3 months' sight Credits		1s. 4 3-16d.
,,	France	169¾
30 days' ,,	Japan	148½
,, ,,	Hongkong	153
,, ,,	Shanghai	208 1-2
Silver in London		29 11-16
,, in New York		64 1-4

CLOTH IN THE HOME MARKETS.—Business in cloth has been disturbed by the weakness and fluctuations of the raw material. Transactions for India are in smaller compass, buyers having had limits withdrawn or reduced in numerous instances. Here and there business in jaoconets, nainsooks, dhooties and light fabrics for comparatively early delivery is mentioned. Shirtings have been difficult to sell except at low prices. A good deal of inquiry for goods to offer out to Bombay and Karachi has recently occurred. The news from China of the failure of native banks, which, it is feared, will adversely affect the off-take of goods, is a discouraging feature. The miscellaneous minor markets are not active, but a moderate trade of a sorting-up character has gone through for these outlets where manufacturers have not held too stiffly to quotations. Offers for some of the South American markets have resulted in business. Home-trade buyers have occasionally operated in suitable goods for the spring season's requirements.

THE WHEAT MARKET in Bombay was quiet but steady with small business and prices unchanged. Prices were firm for Ready business.

THE SEED MARKET was also quiet but steady with buyers offering only at reduced prices and sellers holding out with the result that little business passed.

FREIGHTS were unchanged yesterday. Some business was done fot Ready, Hamburg, at 12s. 6d. to 14s. but there was little stirring. We continue to quote :—

		April.	May.
Liverpool Ready	16	18	18-6
Hull ,,	17		
Hamburg ,,	16		
Antwerp ,,	15-6 to 16		
Dunkirk ,,	16		
Marseilles ,,	16		

COAL FAMINE.—Mr. Benjamin Taylor writes a timely article on "The World's Coal" in a recent number of "Cassier's Magazine." He remarks that 'tis coal, not love, that makes the world go round, and then goes to enquire into the causes of the coal famine in Europe. Some people attribute it to the war in South Africa, but though the war has made use of large numbers of steamers, these would have used just the same amount of coal elsewhere. Mr. Taylor points to the phenominal industrial expansion and activity of the past two years, and gives a general survey of the different coal producers, pointing out that the United State and the United Kingdom alone, among the thirty odd coal producing countries, were able to increase their exports to any material extent. A comparison of the out-put of the States with that of the United Kingdom will, as Mr. Taylor says, probally be a revelation to the complacent Briton. In 1899 the total output of coal in Great Britain was 220,085,303 tons. For the same year that of the United States was 230,838,973—an increse over their output during the previous year of 54500,000 tons! Mr. Taylor does not view with much alarm the predictions concerning the exhaustion of the coal supply. The rise in the price of coal offers a better field for liquid fuel. Quoting Sir Marcus Samuel, Mr. Taylor says a noble feature of liquid fuel is that it occupies much less space and does double the work of coal. There are German boats using liquid fuel on the Tangtse River in China. There is also the fact that the Hambur American line are actually adopting it, that the Rotterdam Lloyd Line have decided to adopt it and that the P. and O. are cousidering it. He much regretted the attitude of the Engineers of the Royal Navy in regard to the question. The German Government an adopting it for their Navy ; Emperor William has adopted it for the Hohenzollern ; and it is extremely unsatisfactory to find (says Mr. Taylor) that our own naval experts are unable to deal with the question which is very simple but of overwhelming importance. The complete combustion of liquid fuel is sad to be far more smokeless than that of any coal even of the very best kind. Mr. Tayler writes strongly against the restrictions of the export of coal. He says the stoppage of the export of coal would mean the ruin of the industries and commence of the British Isles. There is no other heavy cargo to give the vessels which steam outwards to all parts of the earth in search of chief food-stuffs for the hungry people and of material for their insatiable mills and factories. "Relief," concludes Mr. Taylor, "must be formed in the use of liquied fuel, and prevention of waste which is extremely large at present. Milions of tons of coal per annam could be saved by the effective use of water-power now running to waste..

GOVERNMENT PAPER showed no continuation yesterday of the rise stronger tone exhibited on Wednesday. The market opened steady at Rs. 97 9-16 for Ready and Rs. 97 1-2 for the Settlement and remained at these rates throughout the day.

THE SHARE MARKET was quiet. Bank of Bombay eased off to Rs. 1,255. Port Coannings lost Rs. 5 to Rs. 475. Ahmedabad, Prantej Railways showed a similar reduction to Rs. 600, while Taptis put on Re. 1 1-4 and passed at Rs. 472 1-2

Among the Mills there was a rise of Rs. 5 in James Greeves' to Rs. 400. Petit's and the Sind and Panjab Company both being at Rs. 1,800.

THE WEATHER.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 15th NOVEMBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Wheat being sown. Rapeseed flourishing. All crops doing well. Considerable improvement in crops perceptible.

Ferozepore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general. Wheat and all crops doing well. Rape seed flourishing.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rapeseed doing well.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton first sowing in flower and showing bolls.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Cotton picking general.

Khamgaon.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants ready for picking and arriving in smal quantities.

Dhulia.—Cloudy, but no rain. Dew fall insufficient. Cotton picking commenced and arriving in small quantities. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Jalgaon.—Drought still continues. Cotton plantg ready for picking ; picking commenced and arrivin in small quantities. Wheat flourishing.

Broach.—Moderate heat and cold. Cotton plants flourishing advanced, but suffering from hot winds. Food-grains suffering from want of rain.

Viramgam.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually hot Dew fall insufficient. Cotton plants flourishing in flower and showing bolls.

Dholera.—Weather clear. Gram and wheat sowing going on.

Bhownagar—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing.

Barsi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking general. Cotton crop excellent and arriving in small quantities. Food-grains suffering from want of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Sholapore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli.—Bright, no sign of rain. Food-grains totally ruined. Cotton plants could scarcely look better.

Bellary.—Cotton plants flourishing. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 15TH OF NOVEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes of the past 24 hours have been small. The general distribution remains unchanged and the baric gradients are moderate to slight. Winds are very variable in direction and the force has been generally light. The variations of both the day and night temperature are moderate. The highest temperature in the shade was 97° at Surat and the lowest 53° at Jubulpore.

Humidity changes are unimportant and the skies are cloudy in the Punjab and at Allahabad, Jacobabad, Ajmere, Jeypore, Indore and Khandwa.

There has been no rain at any of the reporting stations.

An area of abnormally low pressure lies over Kathiawar, Cutch, Lower Sind and on and off the Sind, Cutch and Kathiawar Coasts and the weather there and over west Rajputana will remain more or less cloudy.

G. L. TOWERS,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

HIGH COURT—NOVEMBER 16.

Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE, and the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.

At 11-45 a.m.

To speak to the minutes of the Decree.

1093—Hiralal M—and M Dadibai vs Sidick Hajee Gool Mahcmed and others—N M Cama H M and M T D and Co.

1104—Jehangir and S Cursetji Jeewanjee and Ready money vs Aimai and others—Payne G S and M A H D and K D Shroff.

Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr JUSTICE TYABJEE.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal

1060—Crawford B and Co—Rahimtoola Khairaj and others vs Shamrao Pandurang and others—Janardham and A Little and Co ; partheard.

1077—Pestonjee R K Buldeodas—Mohokimchand and others vs Maneckchand Kapurchand Edgelow G and W.

1080—Mansuklal D and J—Purshotumdas Mangaldas Fathobhai and others vs Vitholdas Ramdas and others—Edgelow G and W.

1083—Wadia and G—Motichand Talluckchand vs Maneckchand Kapurchand—Edgelow G and W.

References from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

3850—Wadia and G—Hirji Bhojraj vs Jairam Raghunath and others—Mantri and B.

11714—Runchordas Moorarjee vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

666-98—Edgelow G and W—Aishabai vs Hajee Seedick Hajee Ebrahim—Ardasir H and D and Co—Part heard.

Commercial Causes.

422-00—Tyabjee D and Co—Motilal Sundaram vs Kissonla Dayaram and another—Wadia and G.

472-00—Tyabjee D and Co—Jailal Khoobiram vs Rajiram Lekhram and others.

408-00—Crawford B and Co—Sir Edward E Albert David-Sassoon and others vs The Bushire Trading Co, Ld and others—Edgelow G and W.

Long Causes.

260-00—Captain and V—Bai Jetabai vs Vurdhwan Munsey and another—Ardeshir H D and Co and M J and M—Part heard.

For Postponement

559-00—N M Cama—Sha Kuverjee Khimjee and another vs Haji Vali Haji Ismail—Little and Co. Short Cause.

68-2362-00—S B and Noble—Dhurmaji Shimraji vs Boodibai and others—Ardeshir H D and Co.

318-99—Captain and V—Keshrinath Gopinath and others vs Dheenanath Sitanath and others—Khunderao and S B V and K, and D and D—Part heard.

715-98—Hiralal M and M—Tricumdas Meghrai vs Khimchand Jethmal and another—M N Saklatwalla.

357-00—Ardesir H and D—Vardhman Mansey vs Bhatcorbhooj Rattansey and another—Captain and V.

For Postponement.

574-00—Smetham B and N—Bai Ramcooverbai and others vs Gordhandas Soonderdas—Mansuklal D and J.

2-00—R P Mehta—Krishnajee V Limajee vs Bai Doorga and another—P P Bharucha and J and R.

SALE OF CHILDREN IN RUSSIA.

THE St. Petersburg "Herold" states that in the district of Yakutsk the sale of young children is not only a custom of old standing, but has become a kind of recognised industry. The price of a child varies from ten to fifty roubles. The purchasers of these "living wares," are usually Russian exiles and Government officials. The sellers are the native Siberians. It very frequently happens that the banished convicts buy their own illegitimate offspring from the native mothers. The custom of selling children among the Yakuts has not improbably arisen and been fostered by the stress of poverty. In the northern part of that region the winter lasts fully nine months. Tillage is impossible. There are no home industries, and the coasts are too far distant for fishing operations. The only occupation is the chase of furred game, and that is alike meagre and unprofitable. The Yakut sells his children to preserve his miserable homestead and feed his famished cattle. He perfers to sell his offspring to Russian buyers, but usually he has no scruples as to the personality of the purchaser so long as the money is forthcoming.

The usual object of the ubyer is to have the benefit of the child's labour until it comes of age. Until they reach the age of twenty-one years these young people, male and female, are the absolute slaves of the buyers. Girls are sometimes married by their owners before they come of age, but those are the exceptional cases. More frequently they are made to serve the vile purposes of their masters. The "Herold" adds that the Russians themselves have to a certain degree adopted the detestable practice of selling their children. In these cases the sellers are convict exiles, and the buyers Government officials.

The above is a plain statement of facts given by a Russian journal, which does not for censorial reasons venture upon any commentary of its own. It has never been any kind of secret that the horrible custom described by the "Herold" as obtaining in the Government of Yakutsk has always been equally prevalent in other great convict settlements of Siberia, but it is well to have an unvarnished statement of the revolting facts from an authoritative Russian source. The ugliest feature is the declaration that Government officials are the chief buyers of these unfortunate male and female slave-children.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 8m. Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 6-51m., 8 39a. Low water 0·9m., 1-21a.
P. and O. s.s. Arabia, with the English mails of 2nd inst., due to arrive at 7 a.m.
Novelty Theatre, Neven's Opera and Burlesque Company, 9 p.m.
Music on the Esplanade, 5-45 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore, China and Japan, per extra s. s. Bormida, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 12 noon, to-morrow.

HONOUR TO A PUNDIT.—Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar, C.I.E., and Professor A. V. Kathavate visited Barrat Martand Pundit Shri Gattulalji New Buildings, where the Sanskrit Library, School and Temple are erected in commemoration of the late Pandit, Messrs. Mahadev R. Bodas, Shastri Jivram Lallubhai and Vithal R. Dalal received the visitors who expressed their approval of the buildings, and hoped that the Pundit's name may live for ever in the memory of his followers as the name of such a Pandit should.

CELEBRATION OF DIVALI.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Gujanund Ramchundra, a Hindu, was charged by Inspector Williamson before Mr. W. Webb, with criminal breach of trust in respect of three shawls, some chandeliers and lamps and a gold ring, in all property, collectively valued at Rs. 433, belonging to three different shopkeepers. It appears that a day previous to the Divali, accused hired the articles from the complainants, and subsequently disposed them of. The magistrate sentenced the accused to an accumulated term of eighteen weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Indian Marine Battalion will play the following programme, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, band-master, commencing at 5-45 p.m. :—

March.......Under the Banner of Victory...Von Blon.
Overture ...The King's Lieutenant...........Titl.
Fantasia ...Favourite Melodies from Old Operas ....Kappey.
Song ....The Flight of Ages ....Bevan.
Selection ...The Gondoliers..... ....Sullivan.
Valse ....Andalusische Liebestraume ...Friedemann.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FATAL RESULT OF TREADING ON A FISH BONE.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, by Mr. P. Byrne, the coroner, regarding the death of Khanoo Dada, a barber, aged eighteen years, who resided at Girgaum. About a week ago the deceased, while walking along the road, accidentally trod on a fish-bone, which penetrated the sole of the right foot. The bone which had remained embedded in the sole, was removed by means of pincers. Some household remedies were applied but his foot became swollen and on Monday last lock-jaw set in. Next day the unfortunate barber was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Wednesday. A verdict of death from tetanus, following the injury accidentally received, was returned.

SUICIDE DURING FEVER DELIRIUM.—Mr. P. Byrne the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at Parel Road, on the body of Fatmabai, a Mahomedan woman, aged twenty years. The deceased was the wife of a grocer and lived with her husband at Bhoiwada, Parel. She had been suffering from fever for the last two weeks and was treated with household remedies. The fever increased and latterly she became delirious and attempted to run away from the house. On Tuesday morning, Fatma was found missing from home and her husband, after searching for her in vain, informed the police. Next day her body was found floating in the tank belonging to the Dinshaw Manekjee Petit Mill, at Parel. There were no marks of violence on the body. The jury returned a verdict of suicide during fever delirium.

BURGLARY AT BELLASIS ROAD.—Before Mr. W. Webb, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Rama Munsoo and Bala Lingoo, both notorious characters, and Pandu Babaji were charged by Inspector Sloane, with house-breaking and theft of currency notes and cash, of the value of Rs. 101, the property of Messrs. Leopold and Company. It appears that about half-past 10 o'clock, on Wednesday night, the three accused entered the mineral water factory, belonging to Messrs. Leopold and Company, at Bellasis Road, by breaking open the back door. They forced open a couple of drawers of a writing table and made off with currency notes and cash of the value of Rs. 101. The three accused were arrested and Rs. 90 were recovered from them. Rama and Bala, who admitted previous convictions, were sentenced to twelve and eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment, respectively. Pandoo was sentenced to one month's like punishment.

SEQUEL TO THE DIVALI FESTIVAL.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Gopal Dayal was charged by Inspector Paterson under the Electricity Act with failing to give due notice to the Commissioner of Police of his having supplied electricity to the shops of Devji Malji and Sheriar Aspandiar, situated on the Kalbadevi Road, during the Divali festivities.

Mr. S. G. Velinker appeared for the accused and said that it was the obscurity of the Act to the public that brought about the present infringement of Section 3 of the Act. He believed that it was not the desire of the prosecution to press the charge but merely to let the present case serve as a deterrent and a warning to the public. Since the Act was passed in the year 1887 there was not a single prosecution brought under it.

Inspector Paterson stated that the engine and wires were both dangerously situated, and might have proved of serious consequence to the public. By the accused not giving notice the Inspector of Electric Installations in Bombay, Mr. Burnie, was not able to make the necessary examination.

Mr. Velinker submitted that the ends of justice would be fully met if his Worship warned and discharged his client and the case reported in the public papers thereby giving the public ample notice that permission must be obtained in all such cases in the proper manner from the Commissioner of Police. He said that he would personally request the representatives of the press to take the case.

His Worship agreed with Mr. Velinker that wide publicity and the accused being warned and discharged would serve the ends of justice.

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY.

VISIT BY THE GOVERNOR.

H. E. LORD NORTHCOTE, accompanied by Captain Greig, A.-D.-C., honored this Gallery with a visit on Tuesday evening, and was pleased to express high appreciation of everything he saw in regard to the collection of works of art, and the general disposal and hanging of the same. He complimented Mr. Dinshaw, the proprietor, especially on some enlargements of the portraits of Lord and Lady Curzon, and of himself and Lady Northcote, which he obtained from Europe at great cost and trouble, and the like of which have not been seen in this country before, being executed in monochrome. These specimens were especially obtained with a view to inducing Indian princes and noblemen to place their orders with the Fine Art Gallery for such work. Her Excellency Lady Northcote has also been pleased to signify her intention of visiting the Gallery when time permits. The Bombay Fine Art Gallery has done much to increase the supply of good pictures in India. The establishment is well worth a visit and is deserving of encouragement.

THE LATE MR. COWASJEE DINSHAW.

DATING from H. M. S. Highflyer, at Mauritius, on Sept. 7, Admiral Bosanquet has written to Mr. R. D. Dinshaw the following letter of condolence :—

I desire to express my sympathy with your family in the great loss you have sustained by the recent death of Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw at Bombay. Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw was well-known and greatly respected by all naval officers who have served on the East Indies Station and by many more who have visited Aden on their way to distant stations. I beg that you will convey to all the members of your family this expression of my sincere sympathy in their recent bereavement.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS ?—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ! Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, alays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere a 1s. 1½d. per bottle

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE TYEBJEE.)

ALLEGED DEFAULT, ETC.

L. W. G. RIVETT-CARNAC VS. THE NEW MOFUSSIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE plaintiff prayed judgment for the sum of Rs. 1,425, with interest at 9 per cent. from 19th July, 1900, damages for the loss of three shares in the defendant company, and dividends thereon by the defendants' default, costs, further interest, etc. Mr. Robertson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, Sayani, and Moos, appeared for the company.

The plaintiff's case was that, in the month of July 1898, he agreed to purchase three shares in the defendant company in the open market at the ruling rate, Rs. 377-8-0 per share. One of the shares stood registered in the register of shareholders in the defendant company in the name of Manekbai, widow of Ruttonsey Nensey, and the other two shares in the name of Gomtibai, wife of Goverdhandas Valjee. The defendant company issued certificates that the said persons were the registered holders of the three shares. As was customary in the Bombay market, the vendors of the shares caused transfers thereof to the plaintiff to be executed by the registered owners, and caused, such transfers, together with the certificates, to be lodged with the defendant company for the registration of the transfers, and transfer to the plaintiff's name of the shares and the certificates. The company issued in the plaintiff's name receipts for the certificates and transfers, thereby intimating to plaintiff that the three transfers were in order, and that the shares would be transferred into his name. They were eventually so transferred. Upon the faith of the certificates and receipts, plaintiff was induced to believe his vendors had made out a title to the shares and to pay to them the price at which he had agreed to purchase them. Plaintiff went on to say that, by a decree of the High Court, in a suit in which Hunsraj Parmanand was plaintiff and the plaintiff and the defendant company and others were defendants, it was decided that the two persons in whose names the shares had stood registered, held under a forged transfer or transfers from a previously registered owner, which forged transfer the defendant company had passed as genuine. It was ordered that the plaintiff should transfer the shares to their rightful owner, Hansraj Parmanand, which plaintiff had accordingly done. In consequence of the decision, the defendant company, on the 23rd November 1899, refused to recognise the plaintiff as the owner of the shares, and he also lost dividends, amounting to Rs. 105 and Rs. 120, which were declared on the shares in 1898 and 1899 respectively. By these acts of the company, the plaintiff had suffered damages to the extent of Rs. 1,425, which the company had failed to pay. Plaintiff in the alternative sought to make the company responsible for the amount by reason of the negligence of the company and by reason of their misrepresentations to him.

The company, by their chief agent, Mr. T. H. Moore, denied that they issued certificates that Manekbai and Gomtibai were the registered holders of the shares. The certificates of the shares were issued to Gangadas Makandas, Nanabhoy Cooverjee Mody, and Tricumlal Hemchand, and the company merely endorsed on the certificates a memorandum of transfers to Manekbai and Gomtibai respectively. They denied that they intimated to plaintiff that the transfers were in order, or that the shares would be transferred into his name ; or that plaintiff was induced to believe that his vendors had made out a good title to the shares. Prior to the time the plaintiff paid the money, he had never seen the certificates, and could not have been induced to do anything by what appeared thereon. The company did not admit that the transfers were forged. Plaintiff had rights of action against the broker through whom the sales of the shares to him were effected, and also against the vendors Manekbai and Gomtibai, who were liable to satisfy any claim for damages the plaintiff might make against them. He had not suffered any damages through any action of the company, who had not been guilty of any negligence or misrepresentation.

The Court proceeded with the hearing of evidence in the case.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE CANDY and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE WHITWORTH.)

ATTEMPT TO CHEAT A LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

IMPERATRIX VS. VENKAJEE SHIVRAO AND OTHERS.

THESE were appeals from a decision of Mr. T. Walker, Sessions Judge of Dharwar, who, in July last, convicted accused No. 1 of attempting to cheat the Oriental Life Insurance Company and corruptly using as true the certificates which he knew to be false, Sections 420, 511, and 198, Indian Penal Code ; and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1000 ; or in default to suffer further imprisonment for twenty-one months under Sections 420 and 511 ; and two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 198. The other four accused were convicted of issuing certificates knowing them to be false, Section 197, and aiding accused No. 1 in his attempt to cheat, Sections 109, 420, and 511 ; and sentenced each to two years' rigorous, imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, or in default further imprisonment for nine months under Section 197, and two years' rigorous imprisonment each under Sections 109,420, and 511. The sentences in all cases to be concurrent. Mr. Lowndes, with Mr. Dinshaw Jeejeebhoy and Mr. Kallabhai Lallubhai, appeared for the Oriental Life Company ; Mr. Dajee Abajee Khare for accused No. 2 ; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

It appeared that on the 8th September 1897, an insurance was effected on the life of Koner Ballajee, merchant of Hubli, with the Oriental Life Assurance Company, The proposal was made by Koner Balajee himself, and was signed by others. On the 13th February 1898, the policy was assigned to Venkajee Shivajee accused No. 1. On the 20th October 1898, Koner Balajee was said to have died at Tadsur in Mysore, and the death was reported to the Company on the 30th January 1899 by their than sub-agent. No. 1 applied for payment of the insurance money, Rs. 5000, and on the 6th April 1899, forwarded certain forms duly filled up in support of his claim. The Company, however, were suspicious of the claim and instituted inquiries, which resulted in this prosecution. The evidence said the Sessions Judge, was overwhelming that no person named Koner Balajee died at Tadsur in Mysore on the 20th October 1898. Concurring with the assessors as regarded accused No. 1 and differng from them as regarded the other four, the Sessions Judge convicted the five accused and sentenced them as mentioned above.

Their lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances and the arguments of counsel, reversed the convictions and sentences passed under Sections 198 and 197 respectively ; and confirmed the convictions and sentences passed under Sections 420 and 511 and Sections 109,420, and 511 respectively.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office :—

Ardesir H (Engineer)
Angus Alexander
Angus E N
Barbasoh Hermann
Baronian Z S I
Beale A H
Bontror M El
Brale A H
Brodkie Sophie
Brown W T
Calvert Sub-Conductor
Carter C
Coombs Miss G
Deane Col
Deepholts J P
Fish Moses Flish
Frexmore Sisters

Gibbs A F H
Gilbert Miss
Gordon J V
Grinberg David
Hall E A
Hand F
Harvey Mrs M
Kosakow Secretaire
Koehler H
Laznig Naftali
Lee Mrs
Mosbacker B L
Moore E F
Meyer Mons Remy
Moore T Harley
Miller Philip
McGown
Nair S K

Neilson J
Niedel Mrs A
Pagonis A D
Pemberton Mrs
Roberts Mrs John Roper
Rozenswrig Fanie
Stang Rosa
Smith P J
Schmidt F E O
Searson Miss
Taylor D Massie
Taylor Mrs W J
Usborne Gordon
Weiseman Madame E
Whiteside Rev W C

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Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s. s. Comeric, 2,593 tons, Captain W.R.Kennedy, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE Dredger Mermaid, 388 tons, Captain C. P. DeCosta, arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden, 2nd November.

THE s. s. Brantwood, 2,295 tons, Captain J. Robertson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Barry 15th October with a cargo of coal.

THE Hall Line s s Stanley Hall, 2,659 tons, Captain C K Brown, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, 18th October, with a general cargo

THE s. s. Alboin, 649 tons, Captain R. Curtis, arrived in harbour yerterday from Bangkok, 25th October, with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Ritchie Steuart and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s. s. Culna, 1,464 tons, Captain W.H. Hill, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein 4th November, via Colombo with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

THE s. s. Loch Tay, 3,416 tons, Captain J. Stephens, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 5th November with a cargo of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. M. Mackenzie and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Secundra, 1,675 tons. Capttain J. B. Groom, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Louis, 23rd October with a general cargo and 4 cabin and 56 deck passengers.

THE s. s. Adana 2,178 tons, Captain J. Smith arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta p. m. November with a cargo of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. M. Mackenzie and Co.

THE Hansa Line s s Hochhiemer, 1,810 tons, Captain H Landstedt, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg 4th October with a general cargo and 6 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Glade and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
15	Secundra s	Groom	Port Louis, Oct 23.
	Brantwood s	Robertson	Barry, Oct 15.
	Culna s	Hill	Moulmein, Nov 4.
	Loch Tay s	Stephens	Calcutta, Nov 5.
	Mermaid (Dredger)	De Costa	Aden, Nov 2.
	Alboin s	Curtis	Bangkok, Oct 25.
	Stanley Hall s	Brown	Liverpool Oct 18.
	Hochheimer s	Sandstedt	Hamburg Oct 4.
	Adana s	Smith	Calcutta Nov 5.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
15	Simla s	Bamber	Persian Gulf.
	Comeric s	Kennedy	Calcutta.
	Oceanien s	Schmitz	Yokohama

The steamer Secundra entered for loading yesterday for Calcutta, &c.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 15.

FROM GLASGOW.

Britannia s—1 hogshead whisky, Phipson and Co.
Arabia s—50 cases confectionery. A H Nazarally ; 7 cases whisky D Cawasjee.

FROM LONDON.

Egypt s—326 cases provision, Charles Phillimore and Co ; 94 cases provision etc. Treacher and Co ; 10 cases schnapps and 10 cases whisky, H J Rustomjee and Co ; 63 packages paper, B K A Rahim and Co ; 20 cases champagne, D Dadabhoy.
China s—40 cases whisky and gin, Samuel Fitze and Co
Oriental s—40 cases cheese provision bacon and butter, Treacher and Co.
Clydesdale s—19 packages provision, F Rustomjee and Co ; 66 packages provision B F Mody.

FROM HAMBURG.

Rudesburg s—2 hogsheads brandy, D Cowasjee.
Steinberger s—15 cases paper, V Jairam ; 8 cases paper, H Abdoolally.
Stolzenfels s—25 cases whisky, H J Rustomjee and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

D Balduino s—35 cases brandy, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 150 cases brandy, D Dadabhoy.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Caledonia s—21 cases schnapps, B Duggon and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 15.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—3,991 cwts castorseed John Fachiri ; 1 [illegible] K B Sajun ; 12 cwts horns, D Balcrisnaa and Co ; 70 cwts aloe, Cocaworth and Mistry.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Florida s—200 cwt gum, Jethabhoy Premjee.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Florida s—250 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 2,091 cwt linseed, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Cardium s—720 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 100 bales cotton fly, C Damodur ; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida s—200 bales twist.
Bengal s—63 bales twist, N B Mody and Co ; 31 cases Indian condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 16th November.

1. It is notified for information that the range at Coorla will be open for practice from the 18th instant, and all recruits must fire their Musketry Course within two months of that date.

2. The first Spoon Competition of the season will take place at Coorla on the 18th instant, ranges 200 and 500 yards. Conditions will be the same as last year and may be seen at the Corps Club or on the Range. The attention of members is called to the Rule that no member will be allowed to take a prize who is not returned efficient for the current season.

3. The Corps will parade at the Corps Club Apollo Bunder to-morrow and proceed to Colaba North Forth to continue the annual Gun Target Practice. Dress—Drill Order without arms. Puthis to be worn.—No. 2 Subdivision of each Company is detailed for first relief.

4. Corpl. Chard is transferred from No. 2 Subdivision No. 2 Company to No. 3 Subdivision No. 2 Company.

5. The following promotions are ordered in No. 2 Company Br Burgess to be Corpl. in No. 2 Subdivision vice Chard transferred. Actg. Br Ewing to be Br. in No. 2 Subdivision vice Br. Rean transferred to the reserve.—

Actg. Br. Clyne to be Br. in No. 3 Subdivision vice Burgess promoted.—

By Order,
C. C. KUNICK, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. POLLEN, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 16th November.

1. The Battalion will parade at the Gymkhana end of the Parade Ground at 4-45 p.m. on Saturday next the 17th inst.—Dress—Drill order Khaki.

Cadets will be conveyed in Special Tram Cars as follows :—
St. Marry's College :—Two Double Cars to leave Victoria Gardens at 4 p.m.
Byculla School :—One Double Car to leave Victoria Gardens at 4 p.m.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Open 1,526 1-4 Miles.

THE following is the statement of traffic, for the week ending 27th October, 1900.

	Coaching Traffic. Receipts.	Merchandize and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Total Earnings.	Other Earnings (Estimated)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total	1,55,376	2,12,651	6,556	4,04,583
Corresponding week last year. Open 1,491½ miles	...	...	...	6,23,775

Decrease .... Rs. 2,19,192

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 20th October 1900, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings,
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	1,04,000	1,56,000	4,000	2,64,000
Or per mile of Railway	226	338	9	573
For previous 15 weeks of half-year	13,74,928	27,51,228	38,830	41,64,986
Total for 16 weeks	14,78,928	29,07,228	42,830	44,28,986
Comparison, Total for corresponding week of previous year	91,056	2,32,630	1,634	3,25,320
Per mile of Ry. do.	198	505	3	706
Total to corresponding date do.	13,92,283	31,86,167	28,399	46,06,849

Decrease for the week .... Rs. 61,320
Do. to date 1,77,803

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BANDRA.

DEATH.

D. I. D'MONTE, J.P.—November 15, at Bandra Hill last night, at 9-15 aged, 68 years. Funeral will leave Dr. D'Monte's residence, for St. Peter's Church at 5 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DOWLE.—October 5 at Lahore, the wife of William J Dowle, Assistant Station Master, North-Western Railway, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GREGORY—HARRAN—30th October At Rangoon, Charles Levinge Gregory, 19th Bengal Lancers, son of H. C. Gregory, Esq., of West Court, Callan, co. Kilkenny, Ireland, to Irma, only daughter of the late Major E. Harran, 4th Dragoon Guards, and Mrs. Harran, of Glenageary, co. Dublin, Ireland.

O'KINEALY—TREVOR—10th November At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev. Canon Luckman, Captain F. O'Kinealy, I. M. S., eldest son of J. O'Kinealy, Esq., late Judge of the High Court of Calcutta, to Helen Mabel, only daughter of the Rev. Geo. A. Trevor, of Queen's Gardens, London.

DEATH.

CAMPBELL—November 10, at Neemuch, very suddenly. Captain Aylmer MacIvor Campbell, Yt. of Askaish, Argyllshire, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, aged 33 years.

CRAYDEN-DOWLE—November 9, at Simla. Rosalie S. Belcham Crayden, the wife of William J. Dowle, Assistant Station Master, North-Western Railway, Lahore, and the only child of Annie and Fred Crayden.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1900.

THE Bombay Municipal Budget, presented at Wednesday's meeting of the Standing Committee, coming so soon after the petition to the Viceroy for help, must have brought a smile to usually solemn countenances. His Excellency, unless someone enlightened him, must have gone away, on the verge of tears, at his inability to relieve the Corporation of its burden of plague expenditure. And after the long dirge of a week ago, the ratepayer naturally concluded that, like the unfortunate taxpayer in England, he would be called upon to disgorge a higher proportion of his hard-earned wages for public purposes. Instead, however, we find the Municipal Commissioner anticipating a handsome surplus and a substantial reduction in taxation. The income of the year, which is estimated at over eighty-two lakhs, is to be realised after allowing a reduction of two per cent. in the general tax and of various rates in the town tax on commodities. The income for 1901-1902 with the reduced taxation is estimated at Rs. 82,19,000. At the rates of taxation prevailing during 1900-1901 the revenues estimated to be realized would have amounted to Rs. 89,34,000, showing an advance on the Budget Estimate for the preceding year of Rs. 4,14,000 The expenditure for the year is estimated at Rs. 85,19,000 against Rs. 84,92,094 for the year 1900-1901. The comparatively small increase of Rs. 26,906 has been secured only by curtailing demands to the utmost possible extent. Notwithstanding efforts, since the year 1899-1900, to make the estimates of expenditure conform more closely to the actual requirements, the experience of the past two years showed that executive officers would, in many cases, budget for more than they required. Hence the surplus. The estimates have been issued to the members of the Standing Committee, but as they have not yet been discussed, further notice of them at this stage would be premature.

LORD ROBERTS was to leave South Africa today for England, but we may take it that his departure will be postponed until his daughter is convalescent. Probably, however, he has given over charge to Lord Kitchener, and the work of dealing with the rebels will be proceeded with under his direction. This work, judged by the experiences of the past few weeks, will not be accomplished in a day. Meantime the subject of the South African Settlement is being eagerly discussed in all parts of the Empire. Opinions from other Colonies as well as from the Mother-country are canvassed by those whose duty it will be to effect that settlement, and Dr. Farrelly, Advocate of the Supreme Court of the Cape of Good Hope, who has just published a book on the subject, accentuates the necessity for extraneous assistance, not only in the settlement but in the future government. The problem is too complex, the issues too dangerous, he says, to be left altogether in local hands. The community, torn by racial and British dissensions, confronted everywhere by an overwhelming majority of Kaffir tribes, distracted by an anti-British propaganda striving to expel the Imperial Power, the centre, too, of operations of world-finance turning round the vast South African product of gold and diamonds, which, for the safety of the empire, must not be allowed to come completely under the control of cosmopolitan capitalists, a community such as this is not one in which the welfare of the Empire can be, with safety, entrusted to local hands without Imperial guidance. A community, too, the protection of whose coasts, the integrity of whose territory has lately been effected, once again, at the expenditure of tens of millions of Imperial treasure and thousands of lives of Imperial soldiers. This is the pith of Dr. Farrelly's work, in which he asks for a Governor-General instead of a High Commissioner with a direct authority from Parliament and holding, as in India, the superintendence, direction and control of the whole civil and military government. He sees in British immigration a foremost condition and guarantee of South African loyalty and stability. And in indicating the difficulties and responsibilities involved he reminds us of the unpleasant facts that until now South Africa was the part of the Empire, if not of the world, where the prestige of the British Government was lowest. To this fact, for which he holds the British Government alone responsible, he attributes all the troubles of South Africa. If the Boers have been rash sinners, they were tempted into dangerous courses by the vacillation, the caprice, and the ingratitude of the Paramount Power. Occasionally, they were also goaded into hatred of England by the insolence of her representatives. Now, there is to be an honest attempt to bring about a real union between Boer and Briton. There were no such attempts in the past. In the past the Boers returned mistrust for mistrust. They could not, says Dr. Farrelly, understand a Government which threw over men like Grey and Frere ; which turned the Orange Free State adrift from its Imperial moorings ; and which reinstated the Transvaalers in their old position, after the solemn declaration that "as long as the sun shines, as long as rivers run, the Transvaal remains British territory."

Mr. S. B. Robinson in the "Contemporary Review" also contributes to the discussion. In the belief that there is no easier race in the world to govern than the Dutch, he suggests the appointment of a Lieutenant-Governor for the Transvaal and another for the Orange River Colony, acting under the High Commissioner, and an Executive Council. Pending this he would have both States remain Crown Colonies ; unless indeed the two be administered as a single Crown Colony which would be better. On the Legislative Council he would give the Boers four or five out of twelve seats. This too will, to some extent, resemble our Indian system, though Mr. Robinson does not seem to know it, and for a long time doubtless such system would be found to answer best. Before it can be safely superseded Australian federation will have had a fair trial and some modification of that form of government may be found quite suitable. On one point Mr. Robinson is emphatic : the new Government should not be military except for a brief period. For in military government it is not necessary to understand the governed—being a system of order not of justice, a state of siege. But when this transitory regime is over, writes he, "it will be of the first importance not only to understand what the Dutch want, but so to act that when they notice they are not set aside and that they form a part of the subjects of a country ruled and governed on equitable lines they will appreciate the position and fall into line with the general population." The sooner they realise this the better for them as for ourselves. Mr. Schreiner, in his speech in the Cape Parliament, the other day, gave them excellent advice when he said "to get peace they must surrender." Britain, he reminded them, had always dealt with its conquered in a magnanimous manner, though its magnanimity had often been abused. He plainly told his Dutch friends that the cry for giving back absolute independence was absurd, that annexation was now an accomplished fact, and never again must they repeat the spectacle before the eyes of the world and of the native population, with its millions in South Africa, of the two white races at each other's throats.

If the solution of the difficulty can be on lines satisfactory to the Dutch population, it will be an advantage. And so far as the general principle goes all writers seem to be fairly well agreed. But the schemes propounded vary widely in detail from the proposals of Mr. Robinson and Dr. Farrelly we have briefly referred to. Mr. Schreiner's views do not coincide with either. He is an advocate of Protected States by which paramountcy shall be absolutely recognised. Protection involves control, and the States must recognise absolutely and fully the principle of protection. He, too, is anxious that the settlement shall not be left entirely in local hands. He would have the Imperial Government convene together the best men throughout South Africa, who would not find it difficult to arrive at a satisfactory basis. But he maintains that no settlement could be regarded as final which did not throw the door open to civilised humanity in South Africa—a system of absolute freedom and equality, politically, socially and civilly. Nothing short of that will suffice and nothing short of that will be offered. As a means of paving the way Mr. Archibald Colquhoun, in his "Renascence of South Africa" expresses the hope, in no unfriendly way, that the British Government may see its way to encourage Boer emigration from the Transvaal. Under favourable conditions many would doubtless trek to Mashonaland and large numbers have already expressed their willingness to emigrate to German territory. From the Orange River Colony comparatively little trouble is anticipated, the Free Staters and their British neighbours had always been on better terms than the Transvaalers and the British, and had no desire for the war in which they suffered equally with the Transvaaler. Perhaps the soundest suggestion which has been made is that a Commission shall be appointed to investigate and report upon the New Zealand and Australian systems of disposing of new lands which would guide the South African Government in its dealing with Dutch emigration and British immigration desirable in the interests of the preservation of peace as well as of the development of the resources of the country. Of one thing, however, we may be certain : that while safeguarding all sections of the civilized population in the exercise of equal civil and political rights, her Majesty's Government will give to the inhabitants of her newly-conquered colonies the enjoyment of as large a measure of independence and national existence as is consistent with the security of future peace in South Africa. But before that is done the peace which is so greatly desired by all must be established. It is now for Lord Kitchener and for General Baden-Powell with his new force of police to establish it.

THERE has been a substantial improvement of the situation in the cotton trade, consequent on an increase in the available supply of the raw material and of prospects of a better American crop than the earlier estimates indicated. The great reduction of stocks and the lateness of the new crop sent prices up to the point which compelled spinners to stop working, but the fall has taken place, and though prices were still much above the normal at Liverpool at this period of the year the position when the last mail left was easier and many of the mills had resumed work. The relief of the market was in progress as the result of a natural reaction. Anxious to make the most of the high rates American cotton growers were sending as much as possible of their output to the ports for shipment. The quantity of cotton received at the coast, so far during the season, exceeded the amount of the corresponding period of last year. With 1,423,000 bales awaiting shipment at the ports and 256,000 bales at sea, although actual stocks at Liverpool were only equal to something less than a fortnight's requirements, the immediate scarcity was in course of being met. At the rate at which the cotton was being shipped, it was calculated that by the middle of the present month spinners would have no difficulty in securing the raw material needed for the fulfilment of all yarn orders they may have booked. These, of course, were considerably below the extent of average business, but the drop in the price of raw cotton has led manufacturers to cover orders for cloth which they had previously entered. Although the supplies of cotton are likely soon to be equal to the demand, a correspondent of a home paper points out that it must not be assumed that the end of the crisis is well in sight. The rush of growers to take advantage of the inflated prices was natural and that has had the effect of temporarily removing the scarcity. But it is still a matter of doubt whether the total American crop will be below or equal to the world's requirements. The latter have been estimated for the season at eleven millions of bales. A well-known expert, Mr. Neill, some time since forecasted the outturn at 9,750,000 bales and the question that is agitating spinning masters and operatives in Lancashire is whether the actual yield will be above or below that estimate. The weather conditions have, however, recently been favourable and a report issued by the Washington Bureau of Agriculture has encouraged more sanguine estimates of the crop, though a severe frost would do considerable damage.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH at Bristol on Tuesday evening spoke on the subject of the coming increase in taxation to meet the cost of the war and the despatch of the expeditionary force to China. The wealth of the Transvaal, said the right hon. gentleman, ought to bear a considerable portion of the war, as no doubt it will. On this subject a writer in one of the home magazines demonstrates that the opening up of the Transvaal by an honest and fair administration would develop a trade with Great Britain, which would tell heavily even on the magnificent figures of her exports and imports, and she ought to be prepared to pay a heavy share herself. Then the revenue from imports, licenses, etc., will rise enormously. Besides, the new Transvaal Government will inherit from the old very large estates in land—much of it gold-bearing—in addition to the State share in the railway—little or none of which has been sold ; and this will provide also a large share of the sixty or seventy millions which the war seems likely to cost. But at present only the miners can pay. No one else has money.

THE decline of mortality in Bombay City steadily continues. Last week the deaths from all causes were 777, the rate per thousand being 47·52. This besides being lower than a fortnight ago was slightly less than in the corresponding week of last year, though it was still higher than the mean rate of mortality at the same period for the preceding five years. Diseases of the respiratory system were responsible for the greatest number of deaths, the total of such cases being 146, while 108 deaths were due to phthisis. In both instances the numbers were approximately the same as last year. Plague continues less fatal than in 1899, the deaths being 53 as against 88. There were 101 fatal cases of remittent fever, of which 74 were among Hindus and 22 Mahomedans. Diseases of the nervous system were responsible for 58 deaths as against 79 last year. Diarrhœa and dysentery are still more prevalent than last year, the mortality from these diseases being 56 and 29 respectively, while 64 deaths were due to old age and debility.

WE notice with satisfaction that his Excellency the Governor's Levee is to be held in the Town Hall. The Secretariat is as ill-adapted to the purpose as the Malabar Point Government House is to that of a reception. Those who attended last Thursday's function will long remember it, and loud and strong were the complaints among the crowd of well-dressed people who emerged from the pack at the entrance, depressed and starchless. A Levee in the Secretariat hitherto has proved a severe test of loyalty. The spacious Town Hall will be far more suitable for the accommodation of the large numbers who are on the Government House list, and who desire to pay their tribute of respect to the Governor.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD NORTHCOTE, accompanied by Lady Northcote left last night from the Grant Road Station for Ahmedabad on his tour in the Sind District. The departure was private. Their Excellencies were attended by Lieutenant-Colonel R. Owen, Military Secretary ; Mr. C. F. Hill, I.C.S., Private Secretary ; Lieutenant Colonel Croly, R.A.M.C., Medical Officer; and Captains the Hon'ble C. E. Greville, J. G. Greig and M. D. Wood, Aides-de-Camp. Amongst those present at the station to see Lord and Lady Northcote off were : Lieutenant Colonel Olivier, R. E., Agent of the B. B. & C. I. Railway ; Mr. S. Rebsch, Chairman of the City Improvement Trust ; Captain Pollard, Commanding Bombay Lancers, and a few native gentlemen. Their Excellencies were decorated with floral wreaths and presented with bouquets. A salute of seventeen guns will be fired this morning announcing the departure. Their Excellencies will reach Karachi on the 7th December and return to Bombay on the afternoon of the 13th idem.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Oriental, with the homeward mails of the 10th instant, arrived at Aden, at 6 a.m., yesterday.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL H. E. PENTON has been appointed Substantive pro-tem. Political Resident at Aden.

MR. R. P. BARROW, I.C.S., has been appointed chairman of the Karachi Port Trust, vice Mr. J. Sladen.

MR. F. G. PRATT, I. C. S., on relief acts as Political Agent, Cambay, vice Mr. H. O. Quin, proceeding on leave.

No fresh cases of plague were recorded in Calcutta on Monday. The total mortality from all causes was 81.

MR. R. B. STEWART, Collector of the Panch Mahals, has been allowed furlough for one year on medical certificate.

GENERAL SIR W. NICHOLSON sailed from Colombo for Calcutta on Friday last, and is expected in Simla on the 20th instant.

THE services of Mr. R. N. Bosworth-Smith, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Home Department.

H. H. THE MAHARANEE of Coach Behar arrived in Calcutta from Simla last Monday, accompanied by Mr. P. Sen, Private Secretary.

MR. H. C. JOHNSON, passed student of he Cooper's Hill College, appointed to this Presidency, has been posted to the Indus Right Bank Division.

LIEUTENANT H. HARRISON, acting Third Assistant Political Resident, Aden, passed the higher standard examination in Arabic, on the 4th October.

THE Rev. C. R. Longfield will act as chaplain of Dum-Dum during the absence of the Rev. H. B. Cogan, on deputation, or until further orders.

THE services of Lieutenant J. H. W. Morgan, Merwara Battalion, on famine duty, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India.

ACCORDING to the latest bulletins the Earl of Hopetoun is still progressing favourably, and he leaves Meerut by special train on the 18th for Bombay.

MR. C. G. H. FAWCETT, I. C. S., has been allowed three months' extension, on medical certificate, of the furlough for fourteen months granted in September 1899.

MR. J. MASTERS, officiating Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, has been gazetted to a month's leave, with effect from the 1st instant., Mr. A. V. Knyvett acts.

AN additional grant of one lakh has been sanctioned for the construction of a bridge over the Swat River at Chakdara and the improvement of the Dargai post.

WE regret to learn that Sir A. Trevor and Mr. Releigh, who arrived in Rangoon from Calcutta on Tuesday, are both confined to their rooms in the Strand Hotel by sickness.

MR. J. CORNWALL, Postmaster-General of Bombay, having been granted furlough for six months, Mr. W. Maxwell, Indian Civil Service, officiates during Mr. Cornwall's absence.

THE services of Captain W. C. Paleologus, I.S.C., 28th Punjab Infantry, and of Captain H. H. Southey, 7th Bombay Lancers, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

THE Ravalpindi district manœuvres terminated on the 10th instant, when the troops returned to cantonments. The Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Punjab, with his staff watched the concluding operations.

MR. S. J. MURPHY, Assistant Collector in the Ahmednagar district, has been appointed a Third Class Magistrate. Mr. Murphy passed the lower standard Revenue Departmental examination on the 8th October and also an examination in Marathi.

THE approximate earnings of the East Indian Railway and the lines worked by the undertaking for the week endnig 3rd November 1900, were Rs. 13,76,746, against Rs. 13,88,667, the receipts for the corresponding period of last year.

WE understand that the Late Maharaja of Patiala's horses, entered for the Calcutta races, including the Viceroy's Cub, will certainly be scratched unless some one buys them. In the meantime the Kour Sahib, it is believed, will continue racing and will run his horses at Calcutta.

THE services of Lieutenant G. D. M. Moore, I.S.C., 28th Bombay Infantry, have been placed at the disposal of the Municipal Commissioner for employment on plague duty. The services of Captain A. G. Moore, I.S.C., 2nd Madras Lancers, are replaced at the disposal of the Commissioner for the same purpose.

THE following officers accompany the Indian Contingent proceeding to Australia under Colonel Peyton's command for the Commonwealth celebrations :—Captain J. Henegan, D. S. O., 10th Burma Rifles ; Lieutenant P. F. Pocock, 19th Bombay Infantry ; and Major J. Scott, I. M. S., 1st Madras Lancers.

THE Pullkathorai Dacoity Case came to a close on Saturday, the Jury finding all the prisoners, except the fourth, guilty. Mr. H. G. Joseph, the Sessions Judge of Trichinopoly, delivered judgment on Tuesday, agreeing with the verdict of the Jury. He sentenced the first prisoner to transportation for life, the 2nd prisoner to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment, and the others to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

A COONOOR correspondent stated in his last Notes that Major V. Davoren, R.A.M.S., was the Worshipful Master of the Wellington Masonic Lodge. Major Davoren writes to say that this is a mistake, the Master being Lieutenant Daw, of the Middlesex Regiment, to whose untiring work, and to that of the Master Elect, Quartermaster-Sergeant Garside, of the Depot, the success of the Masonic dance was mainly due.

SINCE the outbreak of plague in Aurangabad last month the official returns for the week ending the 3rd Nouember show 11 cases and 9 deaths. The disease is confined to one quarter of the city only where cases occur from time to time. It is to be hoped that it may be stamped out before it spreads farther. It is the first time Aurangabad has been visited, and the source of the disease has been traced to a Brahmin, who came from Nasik.

THE four prisoners in the Kolar Goldfields forgery case have made their defence in the lower court. The first prisoner alleged that the second prisoner took him to Bangalore with the third prisoner, where he gave him a cheque for Rs. 15,350 to cash, out of which first accused was to receive a loan of Rs. 600. The second accused denied all knowledge of the cheque, and said he was tutored by the police to make a confession. The third prisoner said that the second took him and the first accused to Bangalore. He went with first accused to cash the cheque but did not enter the Sowcar's shop. The fourth prisoner, a peon in the Ooregaum gold mine office, denied having sold a blank cheque form from his office to the second prisoner for Rs. 40. The case will be committed to the Sessions.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending November 13 was 777, giving a death-rate of 47·52 per annum per thousand as against 50·87, the corresponding period of last year, and 39·67 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 110 died from fevers; 53, plague ; 2, measles ; 4, cholera ; 2, leprosy ; 108, phthisis ; 58, diseases of the nervous system ; 146, affections of the respiratory organs ; 56, diarrhœa ; 29, dysentery ; 26, still-born ; 64, old age and debility ; 23, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 37 ; Brahmin, 27 ; Lingayet, 3 ; Bhattia, 5 ; Hindu of other caste, 381 ; Hindu low caste, 78 ; Musalman, 190 ; Parsee, 22 ; Jew, 3 ; Native Christian, 23 ; Eurasian, 2 ; European, 5 ; other and unknown caste, 1. The total number of births was 266 as against 188, in the corresponding period of last year, and 222 the average over the past five years.

THE determination of Mr. Eardley Norton to produce Mir Ali Hassan, the Settlement Commissioner, and other material witnesses for the defence, before the Framruz Jung Commission, has at length resulted in his Highness the Nizam directing the appearance of these witnesses. Ali Hassan was one of the two Commissioners who previously investigated the charges against Nawab Framruz Jung, and recommended Framruz Jung's dismissal without calling upon the Nawab for his defence. For the past fortnight, in the course of lengthy speeches before the present Commission, Mr. Norton has severely criticized Ali Hassan's reluctance to appear and give evidence, and also petitioned the Prime Minister, without effect, to compel his appearance, contending that he (Mr. Norton) would prove beyond a doubt that all Framruz Jung's troubles were attributable to Ali Hassan's failure to appreciate the righteousness of Framruz Jung's administration.

VISCOUNT CURZON'S speech on the 18th ultimo at Simla, writes a correspondent in the "Manchester Guardian," voiced the admiration we all feel for that noble band of officials, missionaries, and private Anglo-Indians who have so nobly fought the famine, and in at least twelve cases died at their posts. They faced the daily dangers of plague and cholera without any Victoria Crosses to be won or votes of thanks from Parliament. The Viceroy emphasized the need of sustaining the ryots in those districts where the new crops had been disappointing. Mr. John Jackson, the treasurer of the Missionary Pence Association, starts on the 8th proximo to make a tour of the scheduled districts, carrying £1,000 from this Society to meet needs that are most urgent and most evident on personal inquiry. Should any of the readers of the "Guardian" wish to share in thus aiding our Queen Empress's ruined subjects, half a million of whom have starved to death already, their gifts, however small, will be thankfully received, and should be addressed to Mr. W. Roger Jones, Strand, W. C.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

BELGIAN AIMS IN CHINA.

OPENING OF THE REICHSTAG.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A flying column, mostly composed of Germans, left Peking on the 12th, to overtake the former Chinese garrison of Peking, which is sixty miles to the north-west.

During a debate in the Belgian Chamber, the Foreign Minister said that Belgium may acquire land at Tientsin and elsewhere but no military action was contemplated.

The Emperor William, in his speech at the opening of the Reichstag, said that the Governments were united in their desire to restore order in China and avert a repetition of the troubles there after the punishment of the chief culprits.

LATER.

Reuter (Tientsin) says it is stated that an Imperial Edict has been issued announcing that the Emperor and Dowager-Empress will return to Peking.

The Allies are strengthening the garrison at Tientsin for fear of a rising of the populace of which one-third is believed to be Boxers.

It is feared at Peking that Tung-fuh-siang will organise a Mahomedan rising in Shansi.

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

MR. KRUGER.

The Gelderland has arrived at Suez. Mr. Kruger is well.

LATER.

Mr. Kruger has arrived at Port Said.

The Durban press suggests the garrisoning of Komatipoort and other unhealthy posts with seasoned Indian troops.

General Boyes with a convoy was sniped all the way from Ladysmith to Standerton and lost three killed.

A fight has taken place near Vryburg in which the Cape Police lost three and the Boers seven in killed.

THE TSAR ILL WITH TYPHOID.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Tsar has developed typhoid fever which so far is following a normal course.

AMERICAN BANK FOR INDIA.

Mr. Bark, a Congressman, of Philadelphia, has sailed for Calcutta with a view to establishing an American bank there.

REFORM IN THE ARMY.

Lord George Hamilton, speaking at Acton, said it was not easy to recast an old established and respected Army system and that the process of reform would be slow but the Government earnestly desired to do all they could.

THE NEW CABINET.

Mr. Hanbury has accepted the post of President of the Board of Agriculture.

THE PLAGUE AT GLASGOW.

Glasgow has been declared free of plague.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 15,

Captain Campbell, 18th Bengal Lancers, accompanies the Indian Contingent for Australia.

The following postings in the Military Works R. E. Department are notified :—Captain D. Mallaby, from Bombay to Bengal Command ; Captains A. McCormick and G. Hingston, from leave to Bombay and Bengal Commands respectively.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Nov. 14.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Farquhar, arrived here, from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta, this morning.

The N. Y. K. steamer Kagoshima Maru left Hongkong, for Singapore, on 14th instant.

The Austrian Lloyds s.s. Vindobona, from Calcutta for Trieste, arrived at Colombo on the afternoon of the 14th instant. The same Company's s.s. Imperator, from Trieste, 4th instant, left Aden on the afternoon of the 14th instant and is expected here on Monday, 19th instant evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.

Surats firm.

Good Bhownugger 4 14-32.

The Manchester Market has been firm

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	98 1-2
3 per cent. Rentes	100 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	109 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee papers	65
Bar Silver	29 11-16

THE LIVERPOOL AUTUMN CUP.

The Liverpool Autumn Cup of 1,200 sovs ; 100 sovs in plate or all in specie, at winners option ; second to receive 70,sovs, and the third 30 sovs ; by subscription of 25 sovs. each 15 ft. and 5 sovs. only if declared by October 30 ; a handicap lowest weight may be 6st., winners after publication of the weights (October 25, at noon) of any two races or of one value 200 sovs., or of a handicap of any value 5lbs. of a handicap value 200 sovs. 7lbs. of two handicaps of any value, or of one handicap value 400 sovs. 10lbs. extra. Cup Course (one mile and three furlongs).

Mr. J. D. Walker's b c Fabulist, by St. Florian—Chance, 3yrs., 6st., 0lb. ...Broom	1
Lord Farquhar's b f Japonica, by Lord Lorne—Primula, 4yrs. 6st. 11 lbs. ... Clemson	2
Mr. A. F. Basset's ch c Good Luck, by Royal Hampton—Farewell, 4yrs., 8st. 12lbs. ... Cannon	3
Sir J. Blundell Maple's b k c Aquascutum, by Childwick—Cullercoats, 3yrs., 7st. 10lbs.	0
Mr. L. Neumann's b k f Sirenia, by Gallinule—Concussion, 5yrs., 9st. 0lb.	0
„ T. R. Dewar's ch c Forfarshire, by Royal Hampton—St. Elizabeth, 3yrs., 8st. 11 lbs.	0
„ J. A. Drake's b c Sir Hercules, by Sir Hugo—Dam by Galopin—Miss Foote 4yrs., 8st. 9lbs.	0
„ C. S. Newton's b c Ameer, by Orme—Quetta, 5yrs., 8st. 10lbs	0
Mr. S. B. Joel's b r f Mazeppa, by Wolf's Crag—Maxima, 4yrs., 8st. 0lbs.	0
Lord W. Beresford's ch g Democra, by Sensation—Equality, 3yrs., 7st. 12 lb.	0
Mr. Elliott Galer's br c Beautiwick, by Childwick—Lady Beauty, 4yrs., 7st. 10 lbs.	0
„ T. Mason's b c Admiral Drake, by Sea Song—Lady Gower, 4yrs, 7st. 4lbs.	0
„ H. C. White's br m Old Clo', by Lochiel—Tatters, aged, 7st. 3lbs.	0
„ T. Davidson's ch c Dandy Fifth, by Dan Dancer—Assiduity 4yrs., 7st. 1 lb.	0
Mr. J. H. Houldsworth's b c Greenan, by St Simon—Sunrise 4yrs., 6st 13 lbs	0
„ Spencer Gollan's bk c Australian Star, by Australian Peer—Colours, 4yrs., 6st. 13 lbs.	0
Prince Soltykoff's b h Tarbolton, by Ayrshire—Radiance, aged, 6st. 12 lbs.	0

Winner trained by G. Challoner

Betting :—100 to 9 against Fabulist, 10 to 1 Japonica, 5 to 1 Good Luck.

Won by half a length ; a neck between second and third.—"Asian."

TO-DAY'S MAIL STEAMER.

By this morning's P. and O. Company's mail steamer Arabia (Captain J. L. Parfitt) with the English mails of the 2nd November, the following passengers are expected to arrive :—

Mrs F Atkinson
Mr A R Asbbury
Mr and Mrs H N Allen
Miss Arakill
Mrs Abonnor
Revd A H Abigail
Hon Mr Justice Ameer Ali
Mr and Mrs Birnie
Mr Brander
Mr Beatson Belt
Mr F A Bootey
Mrs Beauchamp
Miss Bonnerjee
Miss Bell
Mr T M Bostock
Miss L Bishop
Mrs Bullard
Mr C H Blake
Lieut-Col Beauchamp
Mr C H Blathwayt
Mrs Broom and child
Miss Bonet
Miss Beall
Mr and Mrs H J Boas and infant
Mrs Brander
Miss Brander
Mr W B Brogne
Mr J B Bell
Mr and Mrs. Bonnerjee
Lady Blood
Mr Cecil Brown
Miss Bell
Mr Bois
Mr M Burt
Mr and Mrs A A Briggs
Mr and Mrs C W Bolton
Major Blyth
Hon Reginald Cecil
Mr A D C Chaplain
Major John Crimmins V C
Mrs Crimmins
Mr and Mrs Cumming
Mrs Churchill
Miss Chapman
Mr E R Chapman
Mrs A F Cox and two daughters
Mr and Mrs J Connor
Mrs Cary and child
Mrs Ross Chisholm
Mrs Cholmondeley and child
Lieut and Mrs Channer
Mr G H Coggan
Lieut-Col Coxhead
Mr Cliff
Mr E H S Clarke
Mr L D Cross
Miss Coles
Mrs Collins
Mrs R P Colomb
Mr C P Caspersz
Captain and Mrs Carnegy
Rev and Mrs W Dowd
Mrs Day
Mr Dawson
Mrs Davies
Mr R M Dane
Miss Davies
Miss A Devereux
Mr and Mrs H H Doyley and infant
Mr and Mrs Duxbury
Dr D Dasteor
Mr J W Deane
Miss Dobson
Earl and Countess of Jersey
Col Emerson
Captain and Mrs Egerton and child
Mr Emerson
Mr H Elsworthy
Lieut C P Evans
Hon Sir J H P Evans
Miss Flood
Mr J H Felton
Mrs Finch
Mr John Finlay
Miss G M Finnis
Mrs and Miss Finnis
Mr Formano
Miss Fletcher
Mr and Mrs G F G Forbes
Mrs S M Fraser and 2 Children
Miss Foster
Miss Forrester
Mr E Greenshield
Mr E Green
Mr L H Grey
Mr H B Goodall
Mr J D Gray
Mr Guttmann
Mr H W Gillman
Mr and Mrs J Gillespie
Mr. A B Gorman
Miss Glasfurd
Mr J E Godfrey
Mr Gathone-Hill
Mr F Guthrie
Mr Abdul Ghafur
Mrs M L Gurney
Mr and Mrs Horbury
Mr and Mrs G Henderson
Rev and Mrs G F Huizinga
Miss Hartler
Mrs C Hallett
Mr John Harris
Miss Haynes
Mrs J W Hensley
Mr R C Hodgson
Two Misses Hope
Mr R W Handley
Two Miss Hearsay
Miss Hardy
Miss Hudson
Mrs Heaven
Mr and Mrs Hoffman
Mr F Hartman
Mr and Mrs Harrington
Hon Justice and Mrs C H Hill
Mrs Home
Mrs Hickens
Mr Justice Harrington
Rev W Hodgkinson
Mr R R P Hadon
Mrs Highet
Mrs J J Henderson and 2 children
Mr T Izat
Mrs Inglis and infant
Major Inglis
Mrs Judge
Miss Jamieson
Mr G E Jones
Mrs Jason and infant
Mr H C Johnson
Mr M A Jones
Rev R G Kennedy
Captain J B Kingston
Mr J W King
Miss Kennedy
Miss King
Mr A Kinyon
Mr Karpelas
Mr and Mrs P Kennedy
Miss Kennedy
Mr and Mrs F Kehl
Miss King
Mr S Kiddle
Mrs Lovett and infant
Miss Lowrie
Miss Long
2nd Lieut C D Lansoda
Mrs Levensatoi
Mr Lucas
Lieut D M Lushington
Major Lambert
Miss Lewiss
Mr. Lawton
Rev J T Manley
Mr J H T Middleton
Mr K V Morgan
Mrs and Miss Morgan
Mrs R D Murray and infant
Mr and Mrs Monro
Mr and Mrs McGregor
Mr. and Mrs Scott-Moncraff, and infient
Mr and Mrs Molloy
Miss Molloy
Lieut-Col and Mrs Maitland
Mrs Maitland and child
Mrs R C Macwatt
Mrs Macwatt and child
Miss E M Managhten
Rev and Mrs Mould
Mr J Mortimer
Mr W Mayer
Mr N McLeod
Mr Macfadyen
Mr F Murray
Sir Francis Maclean
Mr P W Monie
Mr Molzoondar
Miss G Murray
Miss B B Marshall
Miss Marshall
Miss J B Mills
Miss M G Marshall
Mr K D Murray
Hon and Mrs F Macnaughten
Rev and Mrs J McLaurin
Rev and Mrs Manley and infant
Mr McKinley
Miss Methven
Mrs McGavin
Miss McGavin
Mr Neave
Capt C J Nurse
Mr and Mrs Norton
Dewan Narauda Nath
Mr and Mrs Norman
Mr W Newton
Mr Nicoll
Miss Oliver
Mr H Oakes
Mr A Oakes
Capt Owen
Mr and Mrs P H O'Brien
Mr Geo Oliver
Mrs C G Palmer
Miss Pritchard
Surg-General Scott Price
Mr H C Pilkington
Mr and Mrs J Proctor-Watson
Miss Pepper
Mrs Agnew Pope
Mr Parcott
Miss Punnell
Mrs and Miss Peck
Mr E S Pemberton
Mr and Mrs Potter
Mr Pringle
Mr C E D Peters
Mr C G Palmer
Mrs Ritchie
Mr A M Rause
Mr E J Rhodes
Mrs E W Ricketts
Mrs Ricketts
Mr and Mrs D L Robinson
Miss Robinson
Mr H J Rainey
Mr J R Rainey
Mr Justice Rampini
Mrs Rampini and child
Mrs Rushton and infant
Mrs Ritchards
Miss Robinson
Miss Raphael
Mrs C Robinson and child
Mrs B Robertson
Miss Robertson
Mr and Mrs A G Ross
Mrs Rooth
Mr and Mrs J H Symington
Mrs Smith
Rev and Mrs F H Severing
Mrs Spencer
Mr Schwerdtfeger
Mr D M Smart
Lieut Stace
Mr S N Sen
Mr and Mrs A E Simpson
Mr W T Sinclair
Miss Stockley
Miss Strachan
Miss Stuart
Mr Sitannath
Mr Sevenaaks
Mr R Sim
Mr and Mrs A E Sanbali
Mrs Sydney Smith and child
Miss Schofield
Miss R Savi
Mrs Shines
Mrs Saise
Mr C St Paul
Miss Studd
Mrs Studd
Miss Slavin
Mrs H H Shephard
Mrs Stowell
Mrs G S Sheppard
Mr and Mrs Smetham
Justice and Mrs Stanley
Mr J W Shaw
Miss Smith
Rev H J Smith
Hon Justice Stevans
Mr Sheridan
Mr Cyril Sankey
Hon Justice and Mrs Sale
Mr A H Stewart
Mrs Seymour
Master Seymour
Mr Stanber
Miss Stanber
Mr T W Temple
Mrs Thomas
Mr and Mrs Thomas
Mr W H Tod
Dr and Mrs Thomson
Miss Cavindish Taylor
Miss Tod
Mr M Tindall
Mr J H Temple
Mr R S Thompson
Second Lieut C D Uniake
Mr Usher
Mr G C Vyse
Miss E Vining
Mrs Vincent
Miss Vincent
Lady B Villers
Miss F V Verrell
Miss A H Whitelock
Mr J Walker
Mrs Williams and child
Mr C D Wise
Mr Williams
Lieut G Wilkinson
Mr and Mrs J M C Wright
Mr Woodroff
Miss Ward
Miss Waddell
Mrs Douglas White
Mr Alfred
Mr Williams
Mr T D Wood
Mr J H Webb
Mrs Watson
Mr F A Wright
Mr and Mrs Wood
Miss White
Capt and Mrs Tpham Young
Lieut H G Young
Lieut-Col and Mrs Yate and child
Col Yates

Many of our readers will learn with regret, writes the "Statesman," that Mr. James W. Furrell has retired from the Editorship of the "Calcutta Review." Twenty years are a long literary connection, and that is the period during which Mr. Furrell has filled the editorial chair of the famous Indian quarterly. Henceforth, of course, he ceases to be responsible for the magazine, though it may be, and we certainly hope it will be the case, that he will find time to contribute to its pages. We have had occasion of late years, not once, but often, to refer to the Calcutta Review, and always with respect and admiration. However radically we may have differed on particular subjects from the views that found expression in its columns no one could deny the literary ability with which they were advanced and supported ; while the ripe scholarship and mature judgment of the editor were apparent throughout, but most happily displayed in the Quarterly Summary of events, political and other, that long have been a feature of the Review. To equal a predecessor, says the witty French proverb, one must have twice his worth. We fear the proprietors will seek long and vainly ere they find a man to conduct their venture who will combine the learning of Mr. Furrell with his unique experience of this country and knowledge of Indian questions.

THE RETURN OF THE ARMY FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

AN APPEAL FROM LORD ROBERTS.

The "Pioneer" publishes the following letter from Lord Roberts :—

Will you kindly allow me through the medium of your paper to make an appeal to my countrymen and women upon a subject I have very much at heart, and which has been occupying my thoughts for some time past. All classes in the United Kingdom have shown such a keen interest in the army serving in South Africa, and have been so munificent in their efforts to supply every need of that army, that I feel sure they must be eagerly looking forward to its return and to giving our brave soldiers and sailors the hearty welcome they so well deserve when they get back to their native land. It is about the character of this welcome, and the effect it may have on the reputations of the troops whom I have been so proud to command, that I am anxious, and that I venture to express an opinion. My sincere hope is that the welcome may not take the form of "treating" the men to stimulants in public houses or in the streets, and thus lead them into excesses which must tend to degrade those whom the nation delights to honour, and to lower the "Soldier of the Queen" in the eyes of the world—that world which has watched with undisguised admiration the grand work they have performed for their Sovereign and their country. From the very kindness of their hearts, their innate politeness, and their gratitude for the welcome accorded them, it will be difficult for the men to refuse what is offered to them by their too generous friends. I, therefore, beg earnestly that the British public will refrain from tempting my gallant comrades, but will rather aid them to uphold the splendid reputation they have won for the Imperial Army.

I am very proud that I am able to record, with the most absolute truth, that the conduct of this army from first to last has been exemplary. Not one single case of serious crime has been brought to my notice—indeed, nothing that deserves the name of "crime." There has been no necessity for appeals or orders to the men to behave properly. I have trusted implicitly to their own soldierly feeling and good sense, and I have not trusted in vain. They bore themselves like heroes on the battlefield, and like gentlemen on all other occasions. Most malicious falsehoods were spread abroad by the authorities in the Orange Free State and the Transvaal as to the brutality of Great Britain's soldiers, and as to the manner in which the women and children might expect to be treated. We found, on first entering towns and villages, doors closed and shops shut up, while only English-born people were to be seen in the streets. But very shortly all this was changed. Doors were left open, shutters were taken down, and people of all nationalities moved freely about in the full assurance that they had nothing to fear from "the man in khaki," no matter how battered and war-stained his appearance.

This testimony will, I feel sure, be very gratifying to the people of Great Britain and of that Greater Britain whose sons have shared to the fullest extent in the suffering as well as the glory of the war, and who have helped so materially to bring it to a successful close. I know how keen my fellow-subjects will be to show their appreciation of the upright and honourable bearing as well as the gallantry of our sailors and soldiers, and I would entreat them, in return for all these grand men had done for them, to abstain from any action that might bring the smallest discredit upon those who have so worthily upheld the credit of their country. I am induced to make this appeal from having read, with great regret, that when our troops were leaving England, and passing through the streets of London, their injudicious friends pressed liquor upon them and shoved bottles of spirits into their hands and pockets—a mode of "speeding the parting" friend which resulted in some very distressing and discreditable scenes. I fervently hope there may be no such scenes to mar the brightness of the Welcome Home.

Dated Headquarters of the Army in South Africa, Pretoria, 30 September.

HOW SHALL WE DRESS ?

How shall we dress ? This is a question which has once more comes to the front after a lapse of some sixteen or seventeen years. The question was raised and mooted in our own columns for the first time when Lord Dufferin with his known æsthetic instinct protested against Indian gentlemen denationalising themselves by donning an European costume—that is a costume composed of a short coat and vest and breeches which did not quite conceal the nether "human form divine" as they should. Whether Lord Dufferin was conscious of his own innate-deficiency or whether he had a political object in view, it does not matter much now. But Lord Curzon—endowed with similar æsthetic itchings—has also pointed the finger of scorn at the "hybrid" and "Anglicised Indians." We have no fault to find with Lord Curzon's attitude. We ourselves intensely love our own Indian nationality and would preserve it both in sentiment and costume. But how is this to be done ? This is our initial difficulty. We would fain believe that we Indians are an united nation. Perhaps we are beginning to be such in the political sense. But the geographical divisions of the country, the sun, the skies, the very atmosphere divide us in most other things. These differences do not permit of regulation garments. Our dresses are like the changing tints of the variable skies—all the colors well or ill-blended. Those of us who have—whether with or without a visit to the West—adopted the Western garb, have done so to their exceeding discomfort, though we are free to add, with some additional personal safety and self-respect for an ordinary Policeman on the beat will superciliously sneer at a bejewelled Maharajah in his barouche but stand at attention at a passing coal black behatted and betrousered pedestrian. Here we have illustrated the weakness of both sides, and Lord Curzon may, perhaps, make some allowance in future for the "Anglicised Indian." But, apart from that, who is to decide what shall be the Indian National dress, the costume varies in each Province. Lord Curzon himself made a pointed allusion to this difference in his recent Bombay speech—and he could not well have failed noticing the difference, since it is so very much on the surface. Lord Curzon said, that the crowds he saw in the streets of Bombay were so very different in their make-up from the crowds he had seen in Lahore. That is true. Thus then the national dress difficulty is only intensified. To us this Kaleidoscopic variety, ancient and time-honoured as it is, is welcome, and we should like to see it perpetuated. But the nature and character of the times as well as the temper of the ruling class, will not permit it. Lord Curzon loves India, Indian art, and Indian architecture. Would he equally welcome archaic Indian habiliments? We know he would welcome them in the street, as a sight to be remembered in a general picture of men and scenes. But would he welcome an Indian gentleman in such habilimants in his Palace at Levee, or evening party, or private interview. We ask this question in view of one of the sad experiences of the late venerated Pandit Ishwar Chunder Vidyasagar. Now this Pandit was a Bengali gentleman of "the good old type." He was "national" to the very roots of his hair. One day he entered Government House attired as was his wont, in the typical Bengali dress. That is to say, he had *chudder* and *dhoti* on, and his feet were protected by slippers while his head was bare. The Chuprasi at the entrance, in all the insolence of office and scarlet finery would not permit the Pandit ingress. The Pandit never went to Government House again, for he would not be clad otherwise than he was on that occasion. Anglicised Indians are the aversion of Lord Curzon. They are made welcome, however, by the Governor of Bombay. A point was recently raised as to the dress to be worn by Indian gentlemen at the Governor's Levees and receptions, and an elaborate code was recently issued, in which the regulation European evening dress was accepted. Indian dress varieties were also permitted—but the code requires that there must be patent leather shoes after the European pattern and that there must be *dhoti* on no account ? That is to say, Indian gentlemen must not risk exposing the bare calves of their legs, lest European ladies might faint at the abomination, though those same delicate organisations are in harmony and sympathy with kilted Scotch Highlanders. We see, that the Aligarh Mahomedans have also been discussing the dress question, and seriously thinking if it were not wise to adopt the European costume. In view of what has fallen from Lord Curzon, we should advise them to adopt the flowing garments of the Parsian or the strangely picturesque "jubba" and the camel-hair turban of the Bedowin.—*Indian Mirror*.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieutenant-Colonel Eveleigh DeMoleyns, 4th Hussars, has been placed on half pay on account of ill-health.

The following officers have been permitted to return to duty:—Captain Egerton, Deputy Commissioner, Punjab ; Captain, Pearce, Medical Officer, 10th Madras Infantry ; Lieutenants Butler, 4th Bombay Infantry, Kirkpatrick, 12th Bengal Infantry, and Channey, 24th Bombay Infantry.

The following remain at home on extended leave :—Lieutenant-Colonel Deane, Commandant, 2nd Madras Lancers, for three months; Major Burne, 40th Pathans, for three months; Captain Cox, 12th Madras Infantry, for three months ; and Lieutenant Bidwell, 20th Madras Infantry, for six months.

A telegram has been received from South Africa stating that No. 4681, Private Robinson, 5th Dragoon Gaurds, died in the General Hospital, Newcastle, on the 8th November, from enteric fever.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.

The following Notification appeared in a "Government Gazette" Extraordinary issued yesterday afternoon :—

His Excellency the Governor will hold a Levee at the Town Hall, Bombay, on Wednesday, 19th December, at 4-30 p.m.

All Civil, Naval and Military Officers, also Officers of the Consular Service and Native Officers of the Native Regiments and other Gentlemen at Bombay are invited to attend.

Gentlemen entitled to the Private Entree are requested to bring a card with their names legibly written upon them, to give to the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor before being presented.

All Officers and Gentlemen attending the Levee are requested to bring with them a good sized card, not ordinary visiting card, with their names legibly written upon it : this card to be delivered to an Aide-de-Camp, so that their names may be announced to his Excellency the Governor at the time of presentation.

Gentlemen wishing to attend the Levee, who have not already been presented, are requested to notify the same to the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor at least eight days before the date of the Levee, after which time such notifications cannot be entertained.

Officers and Gentlemen wearing uniform should appear in full dress : Gentlemen not wearing uniform should appear in morning dress.

Clergymen being University Graduates and other Gentlemen entitled to wear Robes or Gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status should appear in such Robes or Gowns.

Officers of Regiments and Batteries are requested to pass by collectively : the Native Officers to be presented by their Commanding Officers.

The carriages of Gentlemen who have the Private Entree wil set down at the Main Entrance, All other carriages will set down at the South Door and take up at the North Door.

By Command,
RICHARD OWEN, Lieut- Colonel,
Mily. Secy. to his Excellency the Governor.

BERAR EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

On the 5th instant, writes an Akola correspondent, commenced the proceedings of the Berar Educational Conference, which lasted four days and were brought to a close on Thursday last. This was the second conference since Mr. Candy took over charge of the Educational Department of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Nearly a hundred and fifty masters from various parts of Berar came to Akola to take part in it. The proceedings were opened by the Director with a lucid and encouraging speech. After welcoming those who were present, he pathetically referred to the death of Mr. Chiplunkar, the successful head-master of the Akola High School, and the retirement of Mr. Joshi, one of the senior Inspectors, and went on :—"When we met last we were just entering upon a terrible famine, which, of course, has had its effects upon our department. We must be very thankful to Government for their strenuous efforts to do as much as possible to preserve cattle and men from dying by starvation. I am glad to say that our department, too, was able to take a fair share in the battle against famine. I felt it my first duty to help those who were doing the benevolent task of preserving lives, and readily lent some persons from the department to act as famine relief officers. I am also glad to observe that the different district officers have spoken, in very high terms, of the services done by some of them. I think they had an excellent opportunity to show what was in them—what they were made of. Now we may hope the famine is over and look forward to resuming work with renewed zeal. These annual gatherings afford us an opportunity of meeting each other and giving each other the result of our experience. The question of trained lady mistresses is seriously engaging my attention as it vitally touches the more important one of female education. I trust one day we shall be able to have adequate funds and to formulate a plan for the establishment of a female training class in Berar. I must thank Rao Bahadur Bhagvat for the gift of a hundred rupees, as a nucleus to a permanent fund to do something tangible in the interest of physical education. I trust we shall soon be able to work out a plan for an athletic association in Berar, such as those they have in Bombay, Madras and Poona."

The inspectors of the different districts then formed a sub-meeting at which Mr. Rohankhedkar, the head-master of the Akola High School, asked the secretaries to read last year's report. The proposals of the Director of Public Instruction and of the different circle were submitted to the Conference for consideration. One of the most important of these was that History and Sanskrit should be taught in the Vernacular in the lower High School Standards. An interesting paper was read by Mr. Devabhankar of the Amraoti High School, on the study of history. On the subsequent days an instructive paper on teaching and examining written by Mr. Shevade, the principal of the Akola Training College was read, besides other papers by different teachers. Mr. Rogers superintendent of the Mission Industrial School Akola, gave a very useful lecture on metal casting giving practical illustration with molten zinc. One of the senior teachers gave a practical illustration of how to teach boys to recognise colors and exhorted all present to adopt the Kindergarten system in training children. In the evening the monotony of the daily discussings was relieved by an exhibition of drill performed by the Berar school boys, and a very practical lecture given by Mr. Mahajani of Berar, on the relation between head master and assistant masters, and inspector and head masters. He dwelt on the different qualifications necessary in a succesful educational officer. On the fourth and last day an excellent paper on the choice of books was read.

Many resolutions made by the sub-committees were read and passed, and the practical working of the Conference was brought to a close by Mr. Rohankhedkar, the president, with a speech in which he dwelt on the importance and responsibilities of the teacher's calling and the necessity of both physical and moral education and of strict discipline. On the afternoon the teachers were joined by Mr. Candy, Director of Public Instruction ; Major Reilly, Civil Surgeon ; Mr. Clay, Assistant Commissioner ; Raja Indrakarana, and others. Major Reilly delivered a lecture on the anatomy of the human brain. He showed the different parts in the fine structure of the human brain by anatomising two brains, which he had preserved for this purpose. He concluded his speech by a very impressive exhortation to keep aloof from drinking and other vices which play havoc with the brain. Then Mr. Candy rose amidst loud and enthusiastic cheers and formally closed the Conference in a terse speech. He thanked those who had taken part in the Conference and Major Reilly, Mr. Rogers and Mr. Mahajani for their excellent lectures. He said : "I ask you, teachers, to thoroughly impress upon the children entrusted to your care the warning against drinking and other vices which Major Reilly so kindly gave. In Mr. Rogers you must have met with a striking proof of the fact that manual labour is not incompatible with the exercise of thought and that there is not the slightest indignity in doing such work. I would like to advise you most earnestly of the extreme necessity of taking to industrial and technical branches of work instead of crowding in the calling of clerks and pleaders. By this Conference we have had the opportunity of discussing several useful questions with a view to improving our system of education and I shall give careful consideration to your suggestions. You will all return to your work refreshed, and cheered, I hope, by this friendly intercourse and devote yourselves to it with renewed vigour and increased enthusiasm. Without enthusiasm all work, especially the teacher's, is but a dreary toil. Let your aim be to call out all the latent powers of the children entrusted to your charge, and ever strive for improvement."

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

OPENING CRUISE AND SAILING RACES.

This afternoon at 4-45 o'clock there will be an opening cruise in company of all yachts in commission belonging to the Club and the following two races (finishing at Hog Island) will be held to-morrow, Saturday, in the afternoon, entries for which will close at noon to-day :—

Tomtit Class Race to start at 3 o'clock. Course No. 15.

Yachts Handicap Race.—Start with handicap allowances in hand (scratch yacht to go at 3·30). Course No. 16.

A sum of twenty-five thousand pounds has been devoted by the German Government during the last two years for the prosecution of anthropological and other researches in its African, Asiatic, and Oceanic colonies. This is as characteristic of the German Government as the almost total lack of interest in such matters is of the British Government. We have more than once drawn attention to English official negligence in this respect. The new report on British New Guinea, issued by the Colonial Office, contains information of much interest to ethnologists and students of primitive idea and custom, but is nevertheless more suggestive of what official encouragement might do than of what it has actually done.

THANA NEWS.

Our local correspondent, writing on Wednesday says :—Many ladies and gentlemen of Thana were presented to their Excellencies Lord and Lady Curzon at the reception held at Government House, Malabar Point, Bombay, last week.

Rao Saheb Mahadev Marathe, acting Mamlatdar and Second Class Magistrate of Salsette, returned to his duty as corresponding clerk in the office of the Collector, Thana, from yesterday. Mr. Narayen Sakharam has been appointed a member of Taluka Local Board, Mahim.

According to the rules framed under orders of Government in the Revenue Department, regarding the appointments of Circle Inspectors (ranking with Mamlatdars) two Circle Inspectors have been appointed in each of the Talukas in this district from the 1st instant. The Mamlatdars or the Taluka Magistrates will, it is said, be soon relieved of their revenue functions.

Mr. J. C. Pradhan, an educated Native gentleman has generously opened a private Anglo-Vernacular School in the Wada of Srimant Atmaram Vaidya at Umrale, in Bassein Taluka, from the 1st instant.

It is stated that the East Indian Association of Bombay had applied for a grant to the E. I. A. Girls' School at Thana. The Association have lately received a reply from the present Collector that the Municipality cannot in its present financial difficulties give a contribution to the institution.

Sitia and three other Katoris of Campole, the associates of Rama Noray, a notorious dacoit, who committed depredations in Kurjat Taluka of Alibag Zilla last year were tried by Mr. Tipnis on Friday last, Sitia was convicted and sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment and the others were acquitted.

The special party of 25 policemen under the command of a senior head constable despatched to Mokhada (a sub taluka between the Native States of Jawhar and Peint) a few days ago in order to watch the movements of the Koli dacoits on the Jawhar frontier in the district has not, as yet returned to Thana. Khan Bahadur Rustomji Hormusji Kotwal, Assistant Superintendent of Police, returned to headquarters on Sunday last.

Notwithstanding the arrangements made by the police to patrol frequently the streets in the native town at night a theft was committed in the chawl of Shet Ratansi Premji in Bazaar Peith and property, worth Rs. 300, was stolen yesterday.

Rama Pargat, Second-Class Constable of the Reserve Police Force, Thana, received the annual 2nd class prize of Rs. 36 from the Inspector-General of Police for shooting competition last month.

A Ghati committed suicide by drowning himself in a well at Makhmali Tank yesterday. The cause is not yet known. Shet Malhari Dada, a fruit merchant, died of plague in Bazaar Peith, on Monday last.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

Our Ahmedabad correspondent, writing on Wednesday, says :—The health of the city is improving, the total mortality during the week ending 8th inst. being 442. The births registered during the same week were 47. The fatal cases of fever were 307, of dysentry 8 and starvation 49. We had no rain during the Dewali week, which the people generally expected. This deficiency of rain has disappointed the cultivators and caused the failure of the rice crops. The people of the Duskaroi taluka will greatly feel the effects of this failure, because rice is grown in abundance by the people there. Free distribution of grain is still made to the poor and the infirm in the city. The price of foodstuffs has once more risen and the distress among the people seems to be as great as was found during the last year.

Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai Kirparam, the Settlement Officer, Guzerat, Rao Bahadur Lalshanker Umiashanker, the Small Cause Court Judge, and Khan Bahadur Bomanji Edulji Modi, District Deputy Collector, Kaira, have all got an extension of service for one year.

Rao Saheb Harilal Kevaldas, the pensioned translator, has been appointed Honorary Magistrate of the Second Class in the city. For a long time the want of an additional magistrate was felt in the city, owing to the large number of complaints that are filed every day and also owing to the extension of the city and municipal limits made by the authorities. Mr. Harilal is a tried revenue officer and has passed the greater part of his service in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Darasha Shapurji Setna, M.A., passed the barrister's examination in England last week. Mr. Darasha is a graduate of the Bombay University and had been for a long time professor of English literature in the Guzerat College. He was also appointed acting-Principal of the Rajaram College by the Kolhapur Government in place of Mr. Waddington, who had gone to England on leave.

Some time ago the Sub-Judge of Dhandhuka, who is also invested with the powers of a First Class Magistrate tried a murder case in which Vira Bogha and eight others were charged with causing the death of one Rana Naran by violence. All the accused were discharged by the magistrate. The complainant preferred an appeal under Section 435 of the Criminal Procedure Code against the order of discharge. Mr. Pratt, the District Magistrate, after hearing the arguments of pleaders of both sides acquitted three of the accused and the rest were committed to take their trial before the Sessons Court. Accused Nos. 1 and 3 were held guilty by the Court and sentenced to ten and seven years' rigorous imprisonment respectively under Section 304 I. P. C. and the rest were discharged. Another case of dacoity was tried by the same magistrate, who discharged all the accused giving them the benefit of the doubt. This case was also committed to the Sessions Court by the District Magistrate, both the cases being exclusively triable by that court. Mr. DeSouza, in disposing of the case, remarked, that in both cases, the magistrate has erroneously assumed the functions of a Sessions Judge.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Southern, Fort Northern and Esplanade	4	0	4
B Mandvi, Chukla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	6	1	21
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	0	1	19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	0	0	12
azagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	2	24
Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	1	7
Mahim and Worlee	0	0	4
Water Division	0	0	1
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	17
Total	13	5	109
Total plague deaths to date	79,986	66,223	
Same date last year	12	11	128

PLAGUE IN POONA.

The following are the plague returns of the Poona City from the 13th to 14th November :—

	Cases.	Deaths.
Bhavani	2	2
Shukurwar	4	2
Sadashiv	1	1
Budhwar	0	1
Kasba	3	2
Nana	1	1
Narayan	2	2
Ganesh	1	1
Somwar	1	1
Shanvar	3	2
Raviwar	1	1
Ganj	6	3
Vetal	1	0
Raste	1	0
	27	19

Total mortality 24.

THE MELBOURNE CUP.

The Melbourne Cup.—A Handicap Sweepstakes of 25 sovs. each, 5 forfeit or 2 sovs. only if declared to the Secretary, of the V. R. C., Melbourne, A. J. C., Sydney, S. A. J. C., Adelaide, C. J. C., Christchurch, or A. R. C., Auckland, N. Z., before 4 p.m., on Monday 6th August, with 3,000 sovs. and a Trophy value 100 sovs. added ; second 500 sovs. third, 250 sovs. out of the stake. After the declaration of the weights the winner of any handicap flat race of the value of 100 sovs to carry 5lbs. extra ; of 200 sovs. 7lbs. extra ; of 500 sovs, or upwards, 10lbs extra. The winner of the A.J.C. or V.R.C. Derby of 1900 shall carry in this race not less than weight for age. 171 nominations. Second forfeit, 3 sovs. to be declared and paid to the Secretary of the V. R. C., Melbourne A. J. C., Sydney. S.A.J.C. Adelaide, C.J.C., Christchurch or A.R.C., Auckland N.Z., before 4 p.m., on 30th October or the nominator will be liable for balance (23 sovs.) o sweepstakes Two miles, Run Tuesday, November 6, 1900.

Mr J T Forrest's bk c Clean Sweep by Zalinski,—Bencine, 3yrs. 7st.	1
Mr R Orr's br c Maltser, by Bill of Portland—Barley, 8yrs. 7st 4lbs.	2
Mr T Brown's br m Alix, by Trenton—Princess Alice. 5yrs 7st 12lbs	3

(Winner trained by J. Stobie.)

Twenty-nine ran. Time, 3min. 29secs.—*Asian*.

ART, MUSIC AND DRAMA.

CRUGER'S HYMN OF PRAISE.

A MUSICAL COINCIDENCE AT ST. PAULS.

MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL IN A NEW PLAY.

LONDON Oct. 26.

The fact that Cruger's most famous hymn tune holds the place of honour at the thanksgiving service at St. Paul's to-morrow, is a coincidence calculated to bother the average French journalist and to amuse the members of the C. I. V., who will take part. "Now thank we all our God" which will be sung before the sermon, is now absurdly enough being described as "Lutheran" and at one time it was the fashion to attribute the melody or any rate the germs of it to Lucas Marenzo, choirmaster at Rome, who died in 1598. But there can be no doubt that "Nun danket alles Gott" was written by Martin Rinkart in the first half of the seventeenth century, and that the tune is by Johann Cruger, composer of "Jesu meine Freude" and other famous German chorales. Whether Johann Cruger is of the same family as the ex-President, is not known, nor does it particularly signify. "Nun danket" is, at any rate, one of the noblest of our hymn tunes, and as the Kaiser causes it to be used, at the laying of foundation stones and similar public ceremonials, it has come to be spoken of as "the German Te Deum." The legend that it was originally written for the Peace of Westphalia, upon which more than one touching story has been based, is purely imaginary, and is probably founded on the fact that the hymn is partly a paraphrase of a verse from Ecclesiasticus upon which the regimental chaplains were commanded to preach on the conclusion of the Thirty Years' War.

Considering the very short time that is at his disposal, Sir George Martin seems to have made an excellent choice of music for the Thanksgiving. The Processional will be the altered version of Lyte's "Praise my Soul, the King of Heaven," sung to the tune associated with the old twelfth century "Alleluia," in Webb's collection, published at the end of the last century. In the St. Paul's version the principal change from Lyte's original hymn is the substitution of "Alleluia" for "Praise Him" in the fifth line of each stanza. Tallis's responses will, of course, be used ; while the Psalm chants by Foster, G. A. Macfarren, and Stainer will be equally familiar. The hymn before the sermon is, as we have said Miss Winkworth's "Now thank we all our God," while "All people that on earth do dwell," which will be sung after the sermon, is of course, our time-honoured friend, the "Old Hundredth." The "Te Deum," with which the religious service will conclude, is taken from the Service in B flat, op. 10, which is one of the earliest and best known of the Church compositions of Dr. Stanford. Finally, after the Benediction, will come the National Anthem.

Dr. Richter opened his autumn season at St. James's Hall on Monday evening with a programme exclusively devoted to orchestral music. In this branch of art the Viennese conductor is beyond question at his greatest, and in the direction of the works of Beethoven and Wagner he is still quite unrivalled. It was perhaps a pity that the only examples by these masters heard last night were the Leonora "No. 3" overture, again magnificently rendered, and the prelude to the third act of "Die Meistersinger." The chief point of interest, at any rate, to those who do not care to see even the Richter concerts kept in a groove, was the revival of Liszt's symphonic poem, "The Battle of the Huns." Like so many others of the master's works, it was suggested by a picture, the well-known fresco at Berlin of Kaulbach, in which the painter depicted a battle between the Huns and the Romans, at the very gates of the Eternal City—a conflict which, by the way, never took place—and above, a battle in the air between the same warriors, the Cross being prominent in the picture. To represent the Cross Liszt happily utilised the old ecclesiastical melody, "Crux fidelis," which is first given out with telling effect by the trombones, and afterwards should be allotted to the organ, although as the instrument in St. James's Hall was last evening not available, a version for orchestra was employed instead. This finale, in which the themes are interwoven and worked in the most ingenious manner, is the most interesting portion of the poem. It was splendidly played.

Startling originality is not one of the characteristics of the new play by Mr. Frank Harris, with which Mrs. Patrick Campbell re-opened the newly-reconstructed and redecorated Royalty Theatre on Thursday night. It is the old tale of the gentle and accomplished lady wedded to a husband whose coarse brutality drives her at last into the arms of a lover ; but the main thread of the story is kept steadily in view, and the attention of the spectator is directed from first to last upon the fortunes of the leading personages. These are in themselves no slight recommendations. When we add that, in spite of a tendency to diffuseness in the dialogue it has some strongly dramatic situations, while the acting is almost uniformly good, we have said enough to explain the almost unanimous favour with which "Mr. and Mrs. Daventry" was received by the crowded audience. Contrary to a well-known canon of the playwright's art, the strongest situation of all occurs not in the penultimate, but in the anti-penultimate act—the second, in fact, of the four acts into which the piece is divided. We are at the country-house of the Deventry's, and its owner has crowned his insults by inviting there Lady Langham, a married woman who is notoriously Daventry's mistress. To this he has added the folly of making an assignation with his mistress in his wife's boudoir. Mrs. Daventry is supposed to have retired to her bedroom, but as the audience are aware, she is reposing unseen in an alcove of the half darkened room where she overhears their endearments, and the brutal jibes and jests, of which she herself is the object. But Lady Langham happens to have a jealous husband who has watched her entry, and raps furiously at the locked door. Exposure now seems inevitable, but to the surprise of the guilty pair, Mrs. Daventry adroitly steps forth from the alcove, coolly turns up the lights, and opening the door, with an excuse saves the wretched Lady Langham from shame and disgrace. No sooner, however, has Sir George made his apologies and retired, then Daventry exclaims in his brutal fashion—"By Gad, you are a clever woman !" and bursts into coarse laughter. This is the last straw. Mrs. Daventy flies from home. When she is found in the next act calling upon her childhood's friend and adorer, Mr. Ashurst, to bid him farewell before he starts on a holiday tour, it is foreseen that, in spite of Daventy's clumsy effort to enlist Ashurt on his side in persuading his wife to return to her home, she will be found in the next act comfortably installed, like Frou-Frou, with her lover somewhere in the Riviera. The last act, which passes in their room in an hotel in Monte Carlo, does not, unfortunately, sustain the dramatic power of its predecessors. The miserable Daventry follows the fugitives hither, and once more seeks to bully his wife into returning under threats of killing her lover. But Mrs. Devantry has already discovered that he has sent him a challenge, and she braces herself up for the event. Then a pistol shot is heard without ; but there has been no duel. Her wretched persecution has preferred to turn the weapon upon himself.

Mrs. Daventry can hardly be called a great part. The lady is, by the nature of the story, compelled to appear for a considerable space in a somewhat passive condition. But there were many passages in Mrs. Cambell's performance of great power. Her narrative of the story of her miserable wedded life, with the final exclamation : "There is not a part of my life he has not soiled," was intensely moving ; and the explosion of anger with which she finally defied her persecutor to do his worst, even though it resulted in the death of the man she loved, sent a thrill of sympathy through the house. The spectacle, however, of the lady waiting, like Pope's "Wanton Shrewsbury," for the result of the duel, was somewhat painful, though Mrs. Davantry, to be sure, waits in an attitude of prayer. If Mr. Fred Kerr's impersonation of Daventry had a fault, it was its uncompromising fidelity to the harsher traits of the portrait. Nothing could be better in its way than the quiet earnestness of Mr. Gerald Du Maurier's Ashurst ; and there is a cleverly drawn sketch in the shape of a cynical yet good natured society lady, which was played with a true feeling for character by Miss Beryl Faber. Other parts, though of less prominence, were carefully and effectively played by Miss Frances Ivor, Miss Kirby, and Miss Winifred Fraser. A word of praise must also be given to Mr. Arless's Irish servant, with his quiet manner, his rich brogue and his total freedom from the conventional exuberance of the stage Irishman. The play is very handsomely mounted. Of the beautiful costumes of the ladies we must leave t to more competent authorities to speak. A call for the author elicited only an assurance from Mrs. Patrick Campbell that he was not in the house.

A little piece that produced a very favourable impression on its production at a matinee not long ago at the St. James's Theatre, Colonel Newnham Davis's "A Charitable Bequest," now finds a permanent place in the programme at the Criterion, where it was given, for the first time, as a lever de rideau on Wednesday evening. It is a duologue in which a lady and gentleman, old lovers, are brought together after a certain lapse of years, partly by the fact that they are both interested in a charitable institution, and, still more, because the time has come for reading the will of an eccentric uncle. Eccentric uncles, as all are aware, are a great obstacle, on the stage at least, to the matrimonial projects of their nephews and nieces, and so it proves in this case, for the young people—or, rather, the young people verging on middle age—have to choose between a handsom legacy and the gratification of what is clearly perceived from the first to be a mutual inclination. Fortunately for them, the author has placed them in such a position in life that no very great sacrifice is really involved, while the lovers may comfort themselves by knowing that their favourite charity is benefited by their decision. Here, as in the comediettas of Mr. Theyre Smith, the tone throughout is one of airy badinage, and if occasionally the situation verges on the pathetic it is only in a touch-and-go fashion, which is the highest aim of writers of the genre. The two characters are represented in light, easy manner, befitting the subject, by Mr. Henry Baynton and Miss E. Spencer Brunton. The substantial item in the bill of fare at the Criterion is still Captain Robert Marshall's "The Noble Lord" (military men it will be seem are to the fore just now in Piccadilly). We need only point out that critical opinion is much divided about the play, and that the public have an opportunity of deciding between the rival estimates. They can pay their money and make their choice.

Monday night was the first anniversary of "San Toy," and it was celebrated in a manner befitting the occasion. Splendid as was the setting of the piece produced at Daly's Theatre a year ago by Mr. George Edwardes, "San Toy" is even more beautifully dressed to-day. There have been changes, of course. Miss Marie Tempest is playing at another theatre; but the part of San Toy is capitally filled by Miss Florence Collingbourn, an actress in manner and methods very like Miss Nellie Farren. Also, there are some new songs, and some new verses to old songs. Mr. Rutland Barrington, who is as delightful as ever, brings some fresh topical allusions into his song about the things which he, as the future Viceroy, intends to introduce into China. Mr. Barrington is admirable, and the song goes in a roar of laughter. Mr. Huntley Wright makes an inimitable Li. It is a considerable tribute to his taste and talent that no one could possibly be offended with his Chinaman. A new song, "Motherland," by Mr. Harry Hamilton, the music of which has been composed by Mr. Lionel Monckton, was sung by Mr. Hayden Coffin. It was well received, as usual with songs performed by Mr. Coffin, strange as that may seem to those who are not attracted by absurd gesticulation, false art, and treacly sentiment. A song such as this should have been sung simply and without the up-turning of eyes, the placing of the hand on the heart, and all the rest of Mr. Coffin's conventional nonsense, which may be acceptable to schoolgirls and the gallery, but is nothing of the kind to sensible people. The song, besides, is of a length quite inordinate and out of all proportion to the rest of the piece. Four verses, sixty-four lines in all, and the last verse encored twice by the gallery do not really form an attraction in a programme. It would be better, perhaps, if we were given the encores without the song; or, if more singing is wanted, let us have another song and dance from Miss Gracie Leigh. Nothing could be more delightfully graceful and charming than Miss Leigh's playing. No one contributes more to the pleasure of the audience; no one in the cast is fuller of fun and spirit, and apparently no one enjoys her playing more than does Miss Leigh herself. Her refined and merry singing and dancing would make her an attraction at any theatre; she is at all events exceptionally attractive in "San Toy." Mr. Edwardes was deservedly cheered at the fall of the curtain. "San Toy" is delightful enough to run for many more months yet.

Much interest is naturally centred in the production of Mr. Stephen Phillips' new play "Herod," at Her Majesty's Theatre on the 31st inst. The period chosen for the play is that before the Christian era. The play will therefore be historical rather than scriptural. Indeed, the lateer element is only obscurely hinted at. The setting of the play will be distinctly Hebrauc, and Jerusalem will be shown with its cosmopolitan population. The Feast of Tabernacles (the Jewish carnival) will also be reproduced with historical accuracy. Mr. Tree is sparing no trouble, nor expense it may be added, to place before the audience an exact representation of the picturesque scenes of the period, and the different details are being perfected by Mr. Hawes Craven, the scenic artist.

The large concert hall of the St. James's Hall was packed on Thursday evening with an enthusiastic audience on the occasion of the fourth annual smoking concert, promoted by Mr. T. H. Roberts in aid of his Balaclava Light Brigade Survivors' Relief Fund. Mr. Roberts started the fund in Jubilee year, when his invitation to the survivors of the charge to be his guests in Fleet-street brought to light the fact that some of them were in the work-house; the fund was instituted to afford immediate and permanent relief to all needy survivors of the charge of the Light Brigade, and it has no income other than voluntary contributions. Now, on an average, thirty men receive every Saturday a postal order varying from five to ten shillings, and not a single survivor of the charge remains in the work-house. One feature of the fund is that all expenses are paid by the founder of the fund. Those present yesterday not only had the satisfaction of helping a good cause, but also found an excellent programme provided for them, headed by Mrs. Brown-Potter, who had consented to recite "The Charge of the Light Brigade."

MADRAS JAIL INDUSTRIES.

In the Budget Estimates of the Madras Jail Department for 1901-02 an increase of Rs. 55,000 in estimated receipts from Jail Manufactures (as compared with budget estimate 1900-01) is explained as due to the fact that the three largest manufacturing Jails—her Majesty's Penitentiary, Madras, and the Central Jails at Coimbatore and Vellore—have obtained the contracts for 1900-1901 and 1901-1902 from several Government consuming departments for the supplying of large quantities of goods required by those departments. It is also remarked that during the current year, unusual demands have been made upon several jails (besides those mentioned) for the supply of articles required by the Military Departments in connection with the operations in South Africa and China, and though it is not expected that the demands of the next year will be equally pressing, yet in view of the additional machinery for the Coimbatore Central Jail, for which an indent was submitted to Government and sanctioned and which may be expected to be put up by the beginning of the next official year, it is hoped that a great deal more work for Government departments will be undertaken than the jail is now able to cope with—work that it is now compelled to refuse. We trust that the Madras Government is not losing sight of the fact that private trade should not be unfairly competed with by jail industries. It would be interesting to know to what extent jail manufactures in the localities referred to have interfered with private enterprise and trade.—*Times*.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning. When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are or the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

The following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 6th November:—

Read letter from Mr. W. L. Harvey, I.C.S., dated 31st October 1900, applying for six weeks' leave of absence from the meetings of the Board from 6th November 1900.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Read letter from the Officiating Port Officer, dated 31st October 1900, requesting sanction to an allotment of Rs. 500, in addition to the Budget grant under the head of Repairs to Pilot Schooners, in order to have the reserve schooners made ready to relieve the schooner now on duty whenever necessary. Submitted report from the Officiating Port Officer, dated 3rd November 1900.

Resolution.—Sanctioned to the debit of "Pilot Schooners' Repairs," Pilotage Account.

Submitted Trustees' Resolution, dated 21st June 1898. Submitted the correspondence with the Municipal Commissioner and other papers underlying Circular No. 155, dated 25th October 1900, relating to the proposal of laying a system of water mains on the Apollo Reclamation.

Resolution.—The Board regret that they cannot see their way to relieving the Municipality of their responsibility for laying water mains.

Submitted letter from the Engineer, dated 16th October 1900, forwarding with his report a specification and the plans showing certain alterations and additions to the Royal Bombay Yacht Club buildings, submitted by the Lessees' architects for the approval of the Board; recommending that the amended plans for the roof be approved together with the other plans in so far as the other parts of the structures are concerned, provided that all Municipal requirements be fulfilled. Submitted the specification and the plans above referred to. Submitted the proceedings of the Land and Railways Committee suggesting that the plans, with amended plan of roof and specification, may be sanctioned, as recommended by the Trustees' Engineer. The papers having been circulated to the Trustees were not read.

Resolution.—As recommended by the Land and Railways Committee the plans, with amended plan of roof and specification, are sanctioned, subject to all Municipal requirements being complied with.

Submitted correspondence with the Port Officer and the Engineer, underlying Circular No. 148, dated 10th October 1900, relating to the question of providing a new and additional launch for the Dock Masters' Department, and a third launch required for the Port Department, to replace the steam launch "Minx" which was bought in order to tide over the time until a launch was made ready to replace her. Submitted the proceedings of the Docks and Harbour and Pilotage Committees, recommending the Board to approve of the proposal to provide the additional launches above referred to. The papers having been circulated to the Trustees were not read.

Resolution.—As recommended by the Docks and Harbour and Pilotage Committees, the Trustees are pleased to approve of the provision of two launches, one for use at the Docks and the other required for the Port Department. As regards that required for the Docks, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine should be requested to oblige the Trustees by kindly allowing the plans, including working drawings, specification and estimate to be prepared by the Chief Constructor and on completion should be submitted to the Board for consideration and disposal. As regards the launch required for the Port Department, plans and estimate may be obtained from the Board's Agents and Consulting Engineers in London full details and particulars of requirements being supplied; it should, at the same time, be intimated that on receipt of the plans, &c., the Board will decide whether the launch shall be built here or in England.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 2nd Nov. 1900.	Total from 1st April to 2nd Nov. 1900.	For week ending 2nd Nov. 1899.	Total from 1st April to 2nd Nov. 1899.
Vessels piloted into harbour	15	591	19	559
" " out of "	17	597	17	575
" transported	9	382	13	357
" attended to	2	54	2	34
" warped ...	...	39	1	37

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

From the season reports for the week ending 13th November we make the following extracts:—

Thar and Parkar.—Threshing of bajri continues in Mirpur taluka. Rabi cultivation in progress in four talukas. Cotton crops injured by insects in Sanghar taluka and til crops in Umarkot taluka. Cattle in fair condition. Fodder supply sufficient.

Ahmedabad—(For week ending 10th November 1900).—No rain during week. Rainfall insufficient throughout the district. Reaping of early kharif crops completed. Late kharif crops withering for want of rain. Rabi sowing in progress. Fodder supply sufficient.

Panch Mahals.—No rain during week. Early sown kharif crops being harvested. Late sown crops withering. Prospects of rabi crops doubtful. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply ample.

Kaira.—No rain during week. Standing crops except bajri withering in some places for want of rain. Reaping of kharif crops and rabi sowing in progress. Rain badly wanted for rabi crops.

Broach.—No rain during week. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Standing crops of jowari, cotton and till in good condition. Grass cutting in progress. A good shower of rain badly wanted. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains steady.

Surat.—No rain during week. Rain urgently needed to save standing crops from further damage. Grass cutting continues. Pressing of sugarcane; reaping of inferior rice, nagli, &c., and rabi sowing in proximity of tanks in progress.

Khandesh.—No rain during week. Rain wanted for rabi sowing throughout the district. Reaping and threshing of kharif crops and rabi sowing continue.

Nasik.—No rain during week. Rain generally wanted for rabi crops. Late sown kharif crops suffering for want of rain. Standing crops in good condition in Dindori, Chandor and Peint talukas.

Ahmednagar.—Rain during week 17 cents at Akola, none elsewhere. More rain badly wanted throughout the district. Jowari crops withering and being damaged by insects in five talukas.

Poona.—No rain during week. Rainfall insufficient in the eastern part of the district. Kharif crops in fair condition. Rabi crops sown in the Mawli portion and in the eastern part of the district where recent rain has fallen, but they are suffering for want of sufficient rain. Rabi sowing stopped in the Deshi part of the district for want of rain.

Sholapur.—Sowing of rabi completed in some villages and progressing in others where sufficient moisture exists. Young rabi crops, where sown improving owing to recent rain.

Satara.—More rain urgently wanted throughout the district.

Belgaum.—Rain during week below 40 cents at Belgaum, Chandgad, Gokak and Khanapur; none elsewhere. More rain still urgently wanted for standing jowari crops and rabi sowings. Jowari crops in ears in places where there is sufficient moisture; elsewhere crops withered and removed from fields for fodder.

Dharwar.—Heavy showers within a week or so will save remnants of early jowari crops which are withering for want of moisture. Supply of water deficient in two talukas, and of fodder in one taluka.

Baroda.—No rain during week. Kharif crops, especially rice, have suffered for want of late rains.

The Message of Peace is always appreciated and respected by all true men, for many of us hope the time is not far distant when it may be universally adopted by all nations. When this comes to pass, happiness and prosperity will be the rule and not the exception. In the meantime, Holloway's Pills and Ointment have largely helped to make foreign nations understand that Englishmen delight in alleviating pain and suffering. These wonderful remedies have been blessed in many lands for the relief they have afforded and the cures effected. They are specially adapted for all complaints affecing the liver, stemach and kidneys, and at this season no family should be without at supply.

Floriline.—For the Teeth and Breath. A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produce a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant "Floriline" being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Depot, 13, Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

LORD CURZON IN BOMBAY.

The vernacular newspapers are pleased with Lord Curzon's utterancees in the Bombay Town Hall. The *Rast Goftar* says: The speech, which Lord Curzon delivered at the Town Hall, on Thursday last, has an interest not for Bombay alone, but for the Empire at large. There is little in it which one would have wished unsaid; much that will go directly to the hearts of the people, and continue for many a long day to be remembered with a sense of pleasure and gratitude. India is, undoubtedly, more contented and happy, to-day, than it ever was since the advent of the British Rule. But more and more of late, ascribe it to whatever reasons we may, have the shadows of doubt and misgiving been found to cross the path of the people,—of the prince and peasant alike,—whether England, now that her power in the land has been consolidated, and her resources for the preservation of her supremacy in the East been a thousandfold augmented, means to continue to be guided in her policy on those great principles of justice and liberty, which were laid down by the founders of her Indian Empire, or whether she intends, as best she can, to beat a retreat, and withdraw from at least some of her pledges. Under these circumstances, assurances from a statesman like Lord Curzon, to the effect that those self-same principles of justice and policy, which a hundred years ago won for his countrymen the praise and admiration of a foreign critic like Abbe Dubois, continue to guide England's present-day statesmen in their dealings with India, are bound to come as a relief to all.

The "Indian Spectator" observes: The Viceroy seems to have been very careful not to be betrayed by the "language effervescent of grateful enthusiasm" of the Corporation's address into making a similar exhibition on his own account. No man, however, could fail to be touched by the warmth and evident sincerity of the Corporation's eulogy, representing as it undoubtedly did, in this case, the feelings and sentiments of the vast majority of the people of this country; and Lord Curzon, in spite of his severe self-restraint, showed that he was not insensible to the genuineness of the tribute. His Excellency spoke of it as a "gracious recognition" of his motives, and, before concluding, he gladly welcomed the opportunity of conveying his thanks to those who had so ungrudgingly given him their confidence during the short time that he had held his high office.

The "Kaiser-i-Hind" discourses; The speech which Lord Curzon delivered in reply to the address from our Corporation is more than of local importance. He referred to many topics of general utility in the administration of this country. His utterance at the Town Hall will completely obliterate from the minds of the people even the memory of that reactionary time; and we trust that the high and lofty spirit that inspired these words of our Viceroy, which will for ever remain memorable, will be consistently borne in mind by all engaged in the administration of this country.

The "Gujerati" writes: Since Lord Ripon's time no other Viceroy has had a more appreciative and admiring audience from the Indian public than Lord Curzon. His strong individuality, his lofty ideals, his sincerity and broad-minded sympathy, his brilliant talents and his strong sense of justice and of his own duties and responsibilities have won him the heart of the people. His utterances are being keenly read and appreciated everywhere, and it is no wonder that the inhabitants of Bombay took more interest in his visit to their city and paid him greater respect than has been the case even on the occasion of the departure of some Viceroys from these shores to England. The function held at the Town Hall was the outcome of that growing volume of feeling of appreciation and admiration for a Viceroy who has resolved to do his duty in a liberal-minded and statesmanlike manner.

The "Native Opinion" differs in opinion from some of its contemporaries and says: Whatever knowledge or other benefit his Excellency may have derived from it, the public of Bombay cannot yet positively say that they are the better for it. Thursday was a busy day, and there was much show and fanfaronade, but beyond that it is extremely doubtful whether this long expected visit of the Viceroy will leave any impress on the fortunes of this city.

THE TWO DEMANDS OF THE BOMBAY CORPORATION.

The Bombay Corporation made two demands in their adress to Lord Curzon the other day at the Town Hall; and the "Rast Goftar" remarks on subject:—The two particular demands of the Corporation, viz., about the plague, charges and pecuniary facilities for the purchase of the Tramway Company, have not been granted With regard to neither of them the Corporation would be disposed to quarrel with the Viceroy. In the matter of the former, the same reasons are applicable in justification of the refusal of the request of the Bombay Corporation that were in the case of the Karachi Municipality. With regard to the purchase of the Tramway Company, the Viceroy's advice to be cautious deserves to be received gratefully and in good grace by the Corporation, rather than as a disappointment. The City Fathers will do well not to be too hasty or too ambitious in this matter.

CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR IN SURAT.

The "Indian Spectator" says: There is an amusing error somewhere in the statement ascribed to H. E. the Viceroy, as to the consumption of liquor in Surat. Twelve and-a-half lakh gallons of ardent spirits for a city population of one lakh ten thousand is too much, on the face of it, even for that gay old sinner, Surat, with no small number of inhabitants who are abstainers. Did his Excellency refer to the consumption of fresh toddy? That also, does not seem to square with experience. The newspapers, at any rate, do not seem to be agreed on the point, each giving its own version more or less wide of the mark.

OUR COTTON MILL INDUSTRY.

A local firm in Bombay has found a market in Manchester for its finer counts of yarn made from Egyptian cotton. The "Rast Goftar" writes: "There's a silver lining to every cloud." It is matter of congratulation to Bombay, and the Indian Cotton Mill industry at large, that in the midst of the gloom and darkness that invest it at present, a faint gleam of hope and sunshine has burst upon it from an unexpected quarter. The news that a local firm in Bombay has succeeded in finding a market in Manchester for its finer counts of yarn, made from Egyptian cotton, will be received with gratification by all who are anxious to see our native mill-owners march forward in the path of progress and venture into newer grooves, rather than fumbling about for the redemption of their lost position in the old ones. It is reported that a consignment of 60s spun in Bombay, was a few weeks ago sold toone of the largest firms of Glasgow Turkey-red dyers, "who asked for assurances that they will be able to receive a constant supply of it." The price obtained was a penny lower than the ordinary Manchester price; but in spite of this, it allowed a margin of profit to the firm in question.

THE LATE PROFESSOR MAX MULLER.

Of the deceased Professor Max Muller, the "Indian Spectator" states: We print in our "Voice" columns to-day the first batch of notices that have come to hand, of the life and career of Professor Max Muller, in the native Indian press. We have quite a number of them for the next and, perhaps also, for one subsequent issue. In our experience, we have not met with such unanimity of affection, esteem and gratitude for a European scholar, in Indian journals of all shades of opinion, for a very long time. The language employed by every one of our contemporaries is of the utmost cordiality. There is not a single dissentient note anywhere.

SAMPLE OF MOFUSSIL BAR ELOQUENCE.

"My learned friend with more wind from a teapot thinks to browbeat me from my legs. But this is mere gueralla warfare. I stand under the shoes of my client and I only seek to place the bone of contention clearly in your Honour's eye. My learned friend vainly runs mock upon the sheet-anchor of my case. Your Honour will be pleased enough to observe that my client is a poor widow with one "post mortem" son. A widow of this country, your Honour will be pleased enough to observe is not like a widow of your Honour's country—is not able to eat more than one meal a day or to wear dhoties or to look after a man. So my poor client had not such physique or mind as to assault the lusty complainant. Yet she has been deprived of some of her valuable leather—the leather of her nose. My learned friend has thrown only an "argument ad homium" upon my teeth, that my client's witnesses are all near relations. But they are not her near relations. Their relationship is there homœopathic. So the misty arguments of my learned friend will not hold water—at least they will not hold good water. Then my learned friend has said that there is on the side of his client a respectable witness, namely, a pleader, and since this witness is independent so he should be believed. But your Honour, with your Honour's vast experience, will be pleased enough to observe that truthfulness is not so plentiful as black-berries in this country. And I am sorry to say that this witness is a man of my own feathers, that there are in my profession black sheep of every description, and some of them do not always speak gospel truth. Until the witness therefore explains how he has come across my client's nose leather, he cannot be believed. He cannot be allowed to raise a castle in the air by beating upon a bush. So trusting in that administration of British justice upon which the sun never sets I close my case.—*Bengali*.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, November 15.)

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut W M P Wood, Political probationer attached to the Mahi Kantha Agency, is granted privilege leave for one month from the 8th October 1900.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr F G Pratt, I C S, on relief, to act as Political Agent, Cambay, vice Mr H O Quin, I C S, proceeding on leave, Mr R B Wood, I C S, to act as Political Agent Cambay, from the date of departure of Mr Quin and pending relief by Mr Pratt.

Lieut H Harrison, acting Third Assist Political Resident, Aden, passed an examination in Arabic according to the Higher Standard on the 4th October 1900.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Captain T A F R Oldfield, on return from leave, to act as Assist Political Supdt and ex-officio Supdt of Police, Palanpur pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major H M Abud on return from leave to act as First Assist Political Resident Aden.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Brigadier Genaral H E Penton to be substantive pro tem Political Resident Aden with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of the duties of that appointment.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Rao Bahadur Ladhabhai Harji to be Deputy Assistant Political Agent Rewa Kantha, as soon as his services can be spared from the Mahi Kantha; Khan Bahadur Erackshah Hormasji Kobla reverting. Mr Narbheram jamietram to act as Fifth Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent Mahi Kantha pending further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Saheb Shivram Sadashiv Bhide, Mamlatdar, taluka Sholapur in the district of Sholapur is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Ballal Phanasalkar, Mamlatdar taluka Barsi in the district of Sholapur, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that ditrict.

Assist Surg N K Kalianvala was in medical charge of the Central Prison at Ahmedabad in addition to his own duties from the 25th May to the 1st June 1900 and from the 23rd June to the 4th July

Assist Surg B H Nanavatty was in medical charge of the Central Prison at Ahmedabad, in addition to his own duties, from the 4th September to the 12th October 1900 both days inclusive.

Mr C G H Fawcett, I C S has been allowed, by her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension for three months on medical certificate of the furlough for fourteen months granted to him.

Mr S J Murphy, I C S, Assist Col in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class, in that district.

The Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 3 (1) of the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876, to specially authorise A'zam Ramchandra Anant Naik, acting Mahalkari, petha Chandgad in the district of Belgaum, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the said Act.

The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of Government Notification No 976, dated the 7th February 1900, as refers to A'zam Govind Ganesh Barve, Head Karkun taluka Kopargaon, and under the provisions of Section 3 (1) of the Mamlatdars' Courts Act 1876 to specially authorize A'zam Chintaman Yadav Date Head Karkun taluka Kopargaon in the district of Ahmednagar to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the said Act within the limits of the Kopargaon Taluka excluding the Head Quarter Station.

Mr. G L Dhekne B A, L L B, passed on the 6th November 1900 an examination in Gujarati according to the Higher Standard.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Dalpatram Kavishwar, First Class Subordinate Judge Nasik is granted privilege leave for two months of which one month and two days only will be on full pay and the remainder on half pay.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Rao Saheb Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi Second Class First Grade Subordinate Judge to act as First Class Third Grade Subordinate Judge and to do duty as First Class Subordinate Judge Nasik during the absence of Rao Bahadur Chunilal Dalpatram Kavishwar or pending further orders. Rao Saheb Nilkant Krishna Bapat acting Joint Subordinate Judge Mahad to act as Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge Mahad. Mr Narayan Govind Chapekar B A, L L B, to act as Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Joint Subordinate Judge Mahad vice Rao Saheb Nilkant Krishna Bapat or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is further pleased to invest Rao Saheb Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Nasik, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs 500.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel Government Notifications Nos 569, 570 and 571, dated the 23rd January 1900, which invested the Extra Head Karkuns of certain talukas in the Broach District with the powers of a Mamlatdar and defined the jurisdictions of those Extra Head Karkuns and the Mamlatdars of the respective talukas.

In continuation of Gov Notification No 949, dated the 7th February 1900, H E the Governor in council is pleased to invest Mr Dorabji Dadabhai Bootee, Special Magistrate of the First Class within the limits of the Poona City and Suburban Municipalities in the district of Poona, with additional powrr specified.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Hari Kirkire, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Viramgam, is granted privilege leave on full pay for one month.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Jeshtaram Nanabhai Bhat, B A, LL B, to act as Second Class Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge of Viramgam during the absence of Rao Saheb Krishnaji Hari Kirkire or pending further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr C C Dutt, I C S, passed an examination in Sanskrit according to the Higher Standard on the 6th Nov 1900.

Mr S J Murphys, I C S, passed the Lower Standard Departmental Examination on the 8th October 1900. Mr R E A Elliott, I C S, has now completely passed the Lower Standard Departmental Examination. Mr S J Murphy, I C S, passed an examination in Marathi. Mr S J Murphy, I C S, to be Assist to the Collector of Ahmednagar. Mr R B Stewart I C S, Collector of the Panch Mahal, has been allowed furlough on medical certificate for one year.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm Rao Bahadur Dattatraya Mahadev Patwardhan in his appointment in the Bombay Provincil Civil Service.

Rao Bahadur Lakshman Moreshwar Deshpande: Daftardar to the Collector of Khandesh, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Vinayak Narayan Khepkar to act as Sixth Grade Deputy Collr and to do duty as Daftardar to the Collr of Khandesh during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Bahadur Lakshman Moreshwar Deshpande or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Kisnenchand Mulram to act as Deputy Collector in Sind in the 1st grade during the absence of Sardar Khan Bahadur Mahammed Yakub C I E on leave or pending further orders.

WITH WHAT SHOULD TEETH BE CLEANED?

By the use of the tooth-brush and rinsing the mouth with an antiseptic fluid which thoroughly counteracts the effect of fermentation, acid, and decay. For only a "*Mouthbath*" can guarantee that the antiseptic effect in the whole mouth, in the hollow teeth, in the crevices of the teeth, and in the mucuous membrane, is really thorough and complete. But hitherto a fluid of this kind did not exist. Tests have proved that the so-called antiseptic dentifrices are either too strong and therefore poisonous and injurious to the teeth, or too weak and therefore do not deserve the name of antiseptics.

ODOL

is the first and only compound which thoroughly and with certainty counteracts the above-mentioned causes of the decay of the teeth. The effect of Odol which has been undeniably proved, is principally due to its peculiar property, which, contrary to all other mouth washes, is not effective for the moment only, but, as it is absorbed by the gums and mucuous membranes, its disinfecting powers continue for hours after use, as these organs are thoroughly impregnated by it. Odol is therefore constant and lasting in its effect.

THE BEST FOR THE TEETH
Odol
PRICE R2

THE ODOL BOTTLE (Patented through out the world) is a unique ornament for every toilet table, and its use is novel and easy. (See Illustration.)

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is exceedingly agreeable, refreshing, and powerful. The cleaning of the teeth with Odol is, practically, as refreshing for the mouth as a bath is for the body.

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BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL............£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL............£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..................£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

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Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
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H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

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Sterling Reserve Fund ....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ....$ 20,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ......$ 100,00,000

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SANFRANCISCO
SINGAPORE.
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TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. B. THOMSON,
Agent

47, Church Gate Street, Bombay

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.............. " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND .... " 8,130,000

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Tientsin.

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The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

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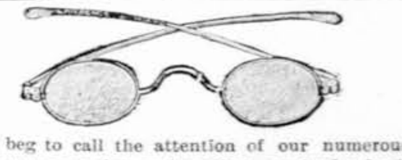

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PURELY PERSONAL.

Between the ages of thirteen and fifteen, and before he went to Harrow, the late Marquis of Bute (writes a correspondent) was educated at a private school kept by my father at Malvern Wells, and the characterises which were remarkable in him as a man— his shyness and reverence for sacred things—were equally noticeable in him as a boy. I well remember him on his first arrival at the school as a slight, tall lad, reserved and gentle in manner, and particularly courteous. He greatly objected to be made a fuss with, and it was characteristic of him that, having heard a conversation between a lady with whom he was staying and her gardener, in which the lady told the man to have every path and flowerbed looking at its best because the Marquis was staying in the house, Lord Bute said to me afterwerds "Just fancy wanting to make such a fuss with a boy of fourteen."

His early education had been neglected but he soon and easily got before boys of his own age. A contemporary at the school was the present Archdeacon of London, with whom the Marquis occasionally squabbled. I can well remenber the former drawing two immense caricatures, which were supposed to represent two of the Marquis's near relations—a feat which nearly ended in a pitched battle between the two boys, but for which the future Archdeacon afterwards handsomely apologised. After leaving for Harrow I did not see him for a year or two, but when he was about seventeen he visited the school at Easter time, and on being asked where he would like to drive, chose to visit a church in the neighbourhood. It was noticeable in a boy of that age that he entered the church positively with bated breath, and that during his stay inside his manner was most devotional.

Always an interesting figure, the young Queen of Holland has become, within the last few days, by the announcement of her engagement to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the most-talked-about personage in Europe. Gossip's uninspired tongue has been busy since her coronation marrying the young queen to princes of every Royal house in Europe. Now, of course, when all prognostications have been proved false, the gossippers, quite unabashed, are again the first to explain with an as-I-told-you-so smile that Queen Wilhelmina could not go out of Germany for her Consort and that for reasons of State a close alliance with any other powerful State was forbidden her.

The little that is known of the favoured *fiance* is all to his credit. He is handsome, brave, and accomplished, twenty-four years of age, and comes of a good stock, so that the marriage which has been joyfully accepted by the Dutch people may well be one of inclination as well as of diplomacy. From the character, indeed, of the young Queen it may be believed that she would not be forced into any alliance for State reasons alone. From a child Queen. Wilhelmina showed herself something of an autocrat, and though naturally docile and affectionate of disposition it required all her mother's tact forbearance, and determination to make her amenable to necessary tutorial and maternal discipline. More than once theRoyal nurseries were the scene of a tug-o'-war, when the little lady after due deliberation had made up her mind that she would or would not do a certain thing. Then there is the story of her reception of the German Emperor when she was a girl in her teens! He spoke to her in German, and she persistently answered him back in French. "Why do you not speak German" asked the Emperor. "Bacause I prefer French," replied the mischievous child to the confusion and horror of her tutors. And a word of German she would not say. She calmly continued to speak in French until she fell into Dutch on the Emperor William showing he knew a little of that language.

Her action in regard to her native language shows as much strength and individuality of character as patriotism, and has particularly endeared the young Queen to her subjects. Dutch and Dutch alone must be spoken at all Court functions, and woe to the man or woman who, Dutch bred, speaks another language to Queen Wilhelmina; he or she is unmercifully snubbed. Lately, a wily diplomatist who, instead of using the official French, spoke to the young Queen in Dutch, straightway won a place in her heart and in her councils Languages formed a large part of Queen Wilhelmina's education, so she is a skilled linguist. She spoke no language but French till she was six years old; later she had an English governess, Miss Winfer. Even now hardly a day passes that she does not devote two or three hours to the study of some language outside her own.

To give one instance out of many, a lady-in-waiting of the German Court thought that the Crown Princess as she then was, kept the ladies of the Court standing longer than was necessary, and ventured to remonstrate, remarking that the Queen mother-in-law always made it possible for the ladies of her "entourage" to sit down, if they wished to do so, at the earlies possible moment. Drawing herself up, the youthful bride remarked: "That may be so, but the Queen of Prussia was never Princess Royal of England." Naturally, nothing more could be said, but remarks like these, made in the thoughtlessness of youth, were bandied from mouth to mouth and had much to do with the unpopularity of the Crown Princess during the earlier years of her married life.

That wonderful man for his years, the Archbishop of Canterbury, whose quaint features (a blend of power and humour) lend themselves so readily to the kindly caricature of F. C. G., is the subject of a variety of good stories. One of his characteristics is the manner in which in conversation he emphasises by gesture the tale he may be telling. This habit of his caused no little restrained amusement to the select company to whom he narrated, a few dsys ago, the incident of his first fight, when visiting Blundell's School, Tiverton. An amusing story, which the Archbishop's genial reminiscences recalled, has just reached me through a near relative of his.

When Dr. Temple received his first episcopal promotion from Exeter to London, he left behind him to his sorrow a faithful dependent in the Devon Country Asylum. Visiting Exeter soon afterwards, out of the kindness of his heart the Bishop called at the asylum to see this patient. Returning to town Dr. Temple was met at Paddington by an old friend, and drove off with him to Fulham in an open victoria. Presently the Bishop began to tell his friend of his visit to the asylum, saying: "You remember poor Y——. Well, I went to see him, and for about a quarter of an hour he talked so rationally that I was hoping he might soon get his discharge. But just as I was leaving, something I inadvertently said upset his balance; he suddenlly became most abusive and as I went out of the door of his room did what I have never seen done since my Rugby schoolmastering days, he put his thmb to his nose, and went—just so—at me." As Dr. Temple said this, in the excitement of the narrative, he turned to his grey-headed friend and graphically illustrated the contemptuous gesture. At that moment, the open carriage in which they were seated was being driven through one of the most respectable streets of respectable Fulham, and what was the horror of several of the residents at seeing that Right Reverend Lord Bishop of London, whom they were just beginning to know by sight, guilty of such a vulgar act in broad daylight? Certainly the gesture, without the explanation of the story that t was intended to illustrate was profoundly unepiscopal.

Recently, the present Bishop of London, who undoubtedly possesses a shrewd and pretty wit, was asked whether a story about his having laid a ghost by asking for a subscription, which was going the round of the papers, was truly assigned to him. He replied that there was not a vestige of truth in it, and that when he was a boy the same tale used to be told of Bishop Wilbe force. Dr. Creighton added that he supposed feeble and stale jests were so often assigned to Bishop in order to gain some strength by way of contrast to their weakness! Dr. Creighton is particularly fond of children and of stories relative to children. He particularly favours those that tell of the theological puzzles of children and of the strange questions that thence ensue. The last of these that I heard him tell was the following. A little girl was looking out of a window when an autumn gale was blowing. After watching the wind and its effects for some time, the child turned to her mother, and said, "Mother," did God make all the trees? "Yes, my dear" was the reply; "of course He did." "Humph! responded the little one, they are soon coming to pieces again.'

Principal Mrs, Story have two daugh'ers, tall and handsome girls, who are very potent in the social life of "the second city." If they havh inheritrd they have not cultivated the literary gifts of father and mother, but both are artistic and musical. The Principal's house, 13 The College, is the corner house at the University, and its interior is one of the brightest spots in grey Glasgow, It is full of comfort—and rare old China.

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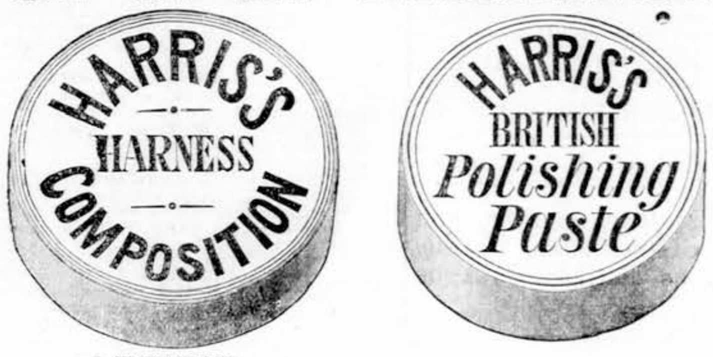
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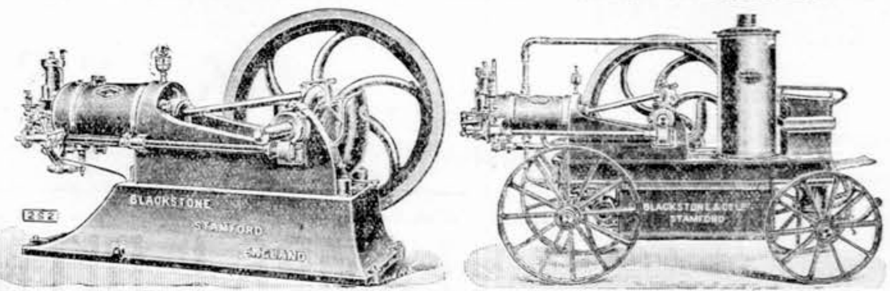

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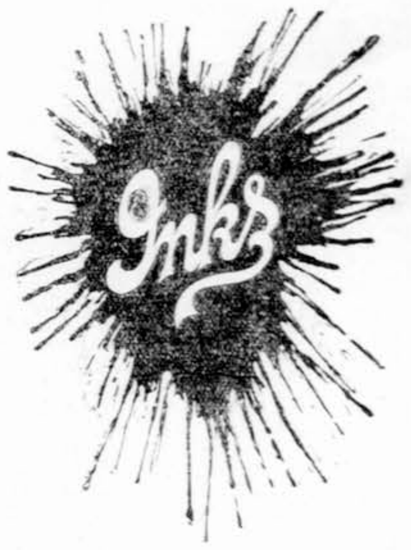

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For Itching.
For Itching.
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Face Spots.
Face Spots.
Face Spots.
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Face Spots.

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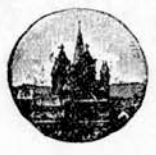
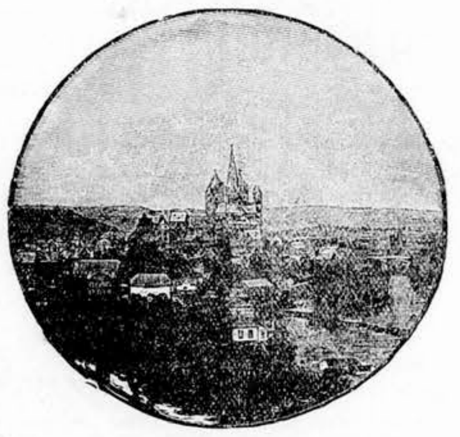
COMPARISON
of
Magnifying power and
field of view.



Field of View of ordinary Binocular of best quality.



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of
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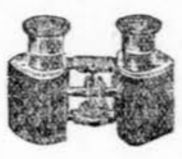
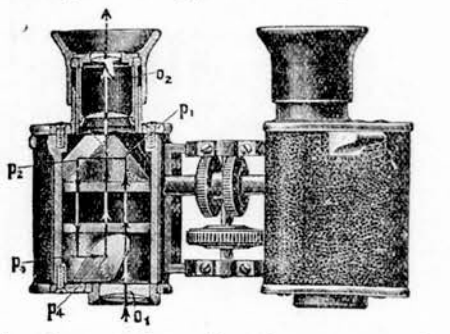


Comparative size of Goerz Trieder Binocular of the same power.

The Rays of light passing through the objective O, in the direction represented by the arrows, strike the faces p1 and p2 of the upper prism, and are bent by each face through angles of 90o to their previous course. They then strike the lower prism, the faces of which are at right angles to one another and also to those of the upper prism (compare Fig. 4a).

The rays, therefore, are again bent through right angles at each of the faces p3 and p4, and issue past the upper prism out through the eye piece o2.

The arrangement of the two prisms and the fourfold rectangular reflection produces the desired reinversion of the image.



Section of glass showing course of Rays of Light through the Prisms.

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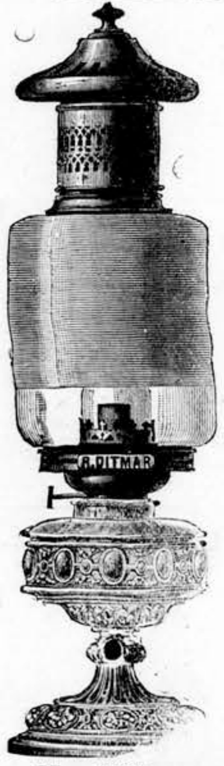

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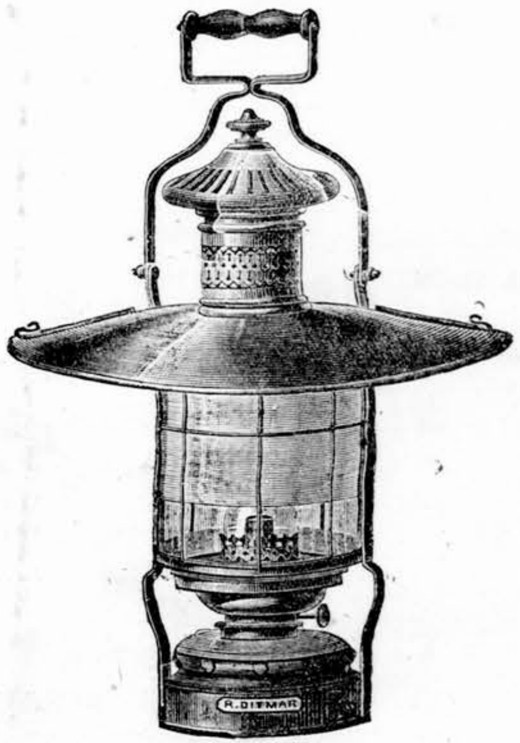

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